McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXVI. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1889. NUMBER 23

McKean County Miner.

I. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

[illegible] N. Y. & P. (Allegheny Branch) arrives at [illegible] p. m. and 6:37 p. m., and leaves at [illegible] and 2:30 p. m.

[illegible] N. Y. & P. R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. and [illegible] p. m., and leaves at 6:05 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

Bradford & Kinzua Mail leaves at 12:15 p. m. and arrives at 2:30 p. m.

Smethport and Olean Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 a. m. and departs at 3:30 p. m. of same days.

Mail for Summerhouse before leaving time.

All mail matter will not be issued or letters delivered between 12 m. and 2:30 p. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail matter one hour after the arrival of the mail.

CLARK WILSON, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

MCKEAN LODGE, No. 263, F. & A. M., meets the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in the Masonic Hall, Main street.

E. K. FOSTER, W. M.

M. SMITH, Secy.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 182, meets every second, fourth and fifth Thursday evening of each month, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Callahan Block.

WORKMAN GOODWIN, M. W.

SHERIDAN GORTON, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets on first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

I. ROGERS, President.

W. H. KNIGHT, Secretary.

G. A. R.

Post 97, G. A. R., meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Callahan Block.

H. M. CHASE, Com.

I. ROGERS, Adjutant.

W. R. C.

Meets every Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Callahan Block.

MRS. HELEN MCKENNEY, Pres't.

MRS. EMMA WILCOX, Secy.

I. O. G. T.

Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Temperance Headquarters.

A. K. CODY, N. G.

V. P. SHANAHAN, Secy.

K. OF T. M.

Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in Callahan Block.

I. S. HAYCOCK, Com.

H. H. CHASE, K. R.

W. C. T. U.

Meets every Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in Temperance Headquarters.

MRS. W. P. KINGSLEY, Pres't.

MRS. LYDIA BUTTERWORTH, Secy.

Knights of St. Martin and the Iron Cross.

Meetings in Hudson Hall on first and third Wednesdays in the months of Feb., May, August and November.

LEWIS C. WALLACE, M. K. C.

PERCY GALLUP, Scribe.

REV. J. H. MCCANDLESS, Warden.

Church Directory.

Methodist.—T. W. CHANDLER, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 12 m. on Sunday. Prayer Meeting on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Y. M. C. A. meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Choir Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Baptist.—REV. W. H. WILLIAMS, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school immediately after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7. Communion and reception of members before last Sunday in every [illegible] Saturday before last Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

Episcopal.—J. HUNTER MCCAMMON, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional services at 3 p. m. on the first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

St. Mary's Memorial Church.—Rev. Joseph Cruikshank, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school 2:30 p. m. The ladies guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

St. Elizabeth's Catholic Church.—J. J. CALLAHAN, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 2:30 p. m. Sunday School at 1 p. m. Services on each Alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Congregational Church.—J. G. Elsam, pastor. Preaching every Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock and every Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock, preaching every Sunday at 3 o'clock, and Class meeting at close of evening service. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

Universalist Church.—J. G. Elsam, pastor. Preaching at 2:30 p. m. Class meeting after service. Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.

MASONS' SUPPLIES!

Such Lime, Plaster, Cement,

Plastering Hair, Tile of all kinds, Fire and Clay Brick, kept constantly on hand and for sale by

A. REILLY,

SMETHPORT, PA.

March 1, 1889-1y.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to the patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his specially finished and commodious new Exchild Frame building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

P. D. HOPKINS

Successor to C. L. Dougherty,

Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Dealer in

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which will be purchased at very close for cash.

W. T. CALLAR,

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

DEALER IN

Drugs and Medicines,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,

Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

MAIN STREET, - - SMETHPORT, PA.

T. H. PURTLE,

General Blacksmithing,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS,

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Repairing of all kinds promptly done. By the aid of competent workmen, I am able to turn out first-class work at moderate prices.

Horseshoeing -:- A -:- Specialty

Agent for Wilcox's Celebrated Hoof Expander, a positive cure for contracted feet. A reward of $500 will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this valuable instrument.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

JOHN N. AFFLE, Notary Public. J. W. BOUTON.

Affle & Bouton,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office, 2nd floor of Henry Marsh's Bank building, Main St., Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. Examinations and Abstracts of Land Titles, Orphans' Court practice, and collections specialties.

E. B. STOKE, W. W. BROWN, O. A. STURGEON

Stoke, Brown & Sturgeon.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office: Pompelon Hall, Bradford, Pa.

Geo. A. Berry.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Rooms 5 and 6, Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford, Pa.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. JOHN FORREST.

Hamlin & Forrest

LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the firm of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Reading & Co.) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Robert H. Rose.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR, office over H. Stanton's banking office, Smethport, Pa.

Sheridan Gorton.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Office in Caskins Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

E. L. Kennard.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Christopher House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

P. Ford.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office: Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

J. K. Wallace.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bradford, Pa. Claims promptly collected.

E. MCKENNEY. H. H. HYLER.

McKenney & Hyler.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Room: Producer's Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

Mullin & McClure,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Corner Main and Pine Sts. Bradford, Pa.

James C. Boyce,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN PATENT CAUSES. Office: Room 2, Cor. Main & Webster Sts. Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. E. Mayo,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Gleason Block, Smethport, Pa.

P. H. Cotter,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Kane, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Physicians.

M. I. Wells, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office at the Drug Store of H. C. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCoy,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. S. McKay's drug store, Main street, Smethport Pa.

S. B. Freeman,

SURGEON, Obstetrician and Consulting physician and surgeon. Office hours from 10 to 12 m. and 2 to 3 p. m., Smethport, Pa.

Dr. Harry Chadwick,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Prompt attention given to calls day or night. Office: One door east of W. T. Callar's drug store. Residence.

C. M. COLEGROVE,

County and Practical Surveyor!

Smethport, Penn'a.

July 31, 87yl.

HOTELS.

WRIGHT HOUSE

Main Street, Smethport, Penn'a, E. F. Wright, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa. F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the markets afford. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

COLEMAN HOUSE,

ELDRED, PA.,

Opposite the R. N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.

On the European Plan.

Newly refitted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.

Dec. 7, 1888.

BUCKTAIL HOTLE

Kane, Pa. R. E. Looker, Proprietor.

Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best hotels in McKean County.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,

KANE, - - PA

This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style.

☞ First-class accommodations for the traveling public.

JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor.

A. M. RAY,

TONSORIAL ARTIST.

Special attention is given to cutting Ladies' hangs in all the leading styles. Ladies can feel perfectly safe on calling at my shop, as the strictest order is maintained.

Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cures for sale.

Shop three doors east of Chamberlin House, Smethport, Pa.

MASONIC HALL FURNITURE STORE!

Speck & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE!

of all kinds and at

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on hand.

Friends and patrons are invited to call.

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECK & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

THE BIG SHOW AT PARIS.

HOW MUCH IT IMPROVES ON CLOSER STUDY.

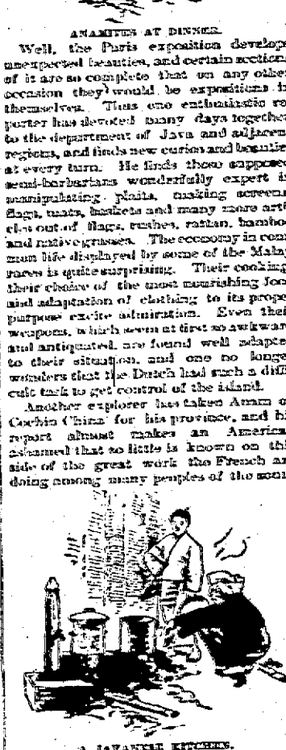
The Dutch-Javanese Village—The French Annexities—The Arts and Illuminations, Splendid Order, but Some Petty Imperfections—Some Rough Jokes.

"The latest from Paris" is far more flattering than were the first reports, for the great exposition proves to possess the essential element of worth—that is, it improves on long acquaintance. Artists and musicians tell us that no matter how nice an object looks or how sweet an air sounds on first presentation, unless it gains on the looker or hearer for some time, it does not possess the true and lasting element of beauty. All tourists know, too, that the finest scenery does not reveal all its beauties till it is studied.

ANAMITES AT DINNER.

Well, the Paris exposition develops unexpected beauties, and certain sections of it are so complete that on any other occasion they would be expeditions in themselves. Thus one enthusiastic reporter has devoted many days together to the department of Java and adjacent regions, and finds new curios and beauties at every turn. He finds these supposed semi-barbarians wonderfully expert in manipulating plaits, making screens, flags, mats, baskets and many more articles out of flags, reshes, rattan, bamboo and native grasses. The economy in common life displayed by some of the Malay races is quite surprising. Their cooking, their choice of the most nourishing food and adaptation of clothing to its proper purpose excite admiration. Even their weapons, which seem at first so awkward and antiquated, are found well adapted to their situations, and one no longer wonders that the Dutch had such a difficult task to get control of the island.

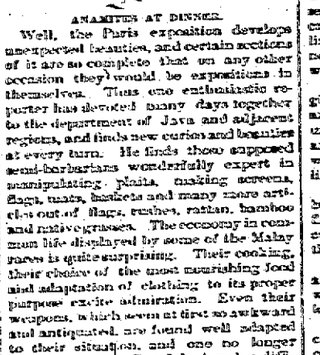
Another explorer has taken Annam or Cochin China for his province, and his report almost makes an American ashamed that so little is known on this subject. The great work the French are doing among many peoples of the south



A JAVANESE KITCHEN.

and far east. According to L'Illustration, the Paris pictorial, the country has advanced as rapidly since the French occupation as any in the world, and the Annamite section of the exposition proves as much. Annam as a whole contains some 200,000 square miles and 25,000,000 people, and though the French own but a small part of it, their influence is great in all sections. There is great progress in the arts of civilized life, trade is increasing and Christianity is tolerated throughout the country. The Annamites are at Paris, however, are heathen, and, accepting the Parisian view of it, their heathenism isn't a very nice kind.

In the fine arts the exposition is a world in itself, and a column might be filled simply with the names of the painters whose works appear. There has been a steady and tolerably rapid increase from the start in the number of visitors, and by the last estimate Paris had 400,000 people more than her resident population. All that number, say the managers, could easily be entertained in the grounds at one time without discomfort. The Bois de Boulogne is now comparatively deserted, and at the evening hour when the buildings, part of the grounds



GAS PAVILLION.

and the fountains are illuminated, the inclosure is very nearly full. A fact worth noting is the rarity of crimes. Either mankind have grown a great deal better, or visitors know better how to take care of themselves or, as is most likely, the police have perfected their arrangements—at any rate, there is practically no trouble and drunkenness is very rare. American visitors, accustomed to a different climate and very different liquors, express amazement at seeing "everybody drinking and nobody drunk."

Though there is very little crime there is a good deal of satirical fun, and some of it rather ill natured. The awkward Americans get their share, and as for the regulation English tourist, he is always laughed at in France and America. There are, too, many petty impositions. There are, too, many petty impositions. There are, too, many petty impositions, and an American not fluent in the language or "fly" in the customs usually has to pay a good deal more for anything than it is really worth. The common people of Paris are a "band of brothers" when it comes to dealing with the foreigner; no matter whom the latter appeals to, all will swear that the bill is ruinously low and according to the original contract. They have a byword which may be thus rendered: "Keep the money in Paris—if it knocks about long enough it will come to me." The great crowd, too, enables the drivers to mare the unwary. L'Illustration has a caricature representing a jocular and half tipsy driver with a badly demoralized American and his wife in an open carriage, the driver saying:

"No room at the Terminus hotel, none at the Continental, not even breathing space at the Grand hotel; it only remains for me to take you to the Hotel Dieu (hospital), and I must make a rush, too, so they will take you at once, without question, as an urgent case."

The question as to whether the imperial government would patronize the exposition is no longer a question—as governments they are letting it severely alone. Russians, Americans and Germans, a few individuals of them, are there, and England is, of course, splendidly represented, as she never allows politics to interfere with business. Japan is there, however, and in truly gorgeous style, some of the Japanese productions in the way of grouping flowers being the wonders of the occasion. In conclusion, though the exposition grows in study, it can only be repeated that it is great rather as a show, a display of fine things and curious people, than as a collection of the useful

Assessments of Royalty.

Near the palatial home of the Montezumas were many edifices erected solely for the pleasure of the reigning monarch; prominent was an aviary, to which birds of splendid plumage were gathered—

Creatures of wondrous size, delightsome to the eye,
And some, full throated, pouring out
Their gladsome notes.

Three hundred attendants had charge of this rare company of plumy people: to feed them, give them a daily bath, collect scattering plumage, especially in moulting season, thus furnishing material for Aztec painters, was the all engrossing care.

Somewhat farther away birds of prey were also luxuriously domiciled—vultures and eagles and other "villainous eyed desperadoes" for these, too, much thought was given, their usual bill of fare (a daily allowance) included among other dainties five hundred plump and toothsome turkeys.

And still beyond, strongly barricaded, were cages for wild animals, reptiles and serpents: the slimy, coiling, head creating creatures held high carnival in long cages lined with down or feathers; or, if they needed recreation, troughs of mud and water were at their service.

To all these prisoners of state were given apartments both light and airy, ample enough as well, in which to move unmurmured, such were imperial orders, and keepers of strength and fearlessness were devoted to their comfort and cleanliness.

"Extensive gardens surrounded these buildings, full of fragrant shrubs and flowers, and many medicinal plants were cultivated; and fountains of pure water threw up sparkling jets."

Ten large tanks well stocked with fish afforded sport for the lazy angler, and water fowl could here disport the livelong day.

A pavement of tessellated marble inclosed the ample basins, which were overhung by light and fanciful pavilions, admitting the perfumed breezes of the gardens and offering grateful shelter to the monarch and his friends in sultry summer heats.

This was in the reign of Montezuma Second, early in the Sixteenth century.—Harper's Bazar.

Experience.

There is no educator like experience. It is the stepping stone in life's stream, and the man who does not heed its lessons slips into the creek and gets drowned. Yes, experience is an excellent teacher, although it often charges high wages.

Its lessons are always valuable and firmly fixed in the memory—stamped there by the force of circumstances. The little child that gleefully tries to mash a

[illegible]

insists that he is going to have some fun with a fly never makes that mistake a second time.

All through life we learn a great deal by merely finding out things we don't know.

In the language of the great apostle to the Gentiles, Carl Pretzel, "Orberience vas badly deached. Der only trouble mit him vas dat he gives his knowledge not vhen it vas pooty late."

Very often experience is a physician who never comes until after the disorder is cured. The old and those who have mixed largely with the world comprehend the fact that no education is available that is not practical. These are the men who, when they go to New York, are cold and unsympathetic when the bunco man calls them by their right names and asks for information about the old folks and all the neighbors.

On the other hand, the man whose life has been spent in study is easily taken in, and has to telegraph home for money to pay his hotel bill. When he returns to his quiet study in the romantic little country village, he is the mark for ridicule and the unconscious butt of men who do not possess one tithe of his learning.

There are men who utterly fail to profit by the lessons of experience. For instance, there is a man in Illinois who is living with his ninth wife. The other eight attempts look like experiments that have failed, but from which he has derived no wisdom. To such men experience is like the stern light of a ship, which illuminates only the track it has passed.—Texas Siftings.

A Refrigerator in a Church Tower.

The church and the ale house have been frequently associated by the irreverent, but it remained for the city of London to exhibit an instance of a well known church being actually occupied by the kitchen servitors of a restaurant. One of the church wardens of this church recently ascended the tower and discovered that the cooks of a neighboring eating house—the kitchen being situated at the top of the building—had made an entrance into the tower and utilized it as a storehouse. No doubt it was a cool and safe chamber, but it is scarcely necessary to add that the legs of mutton, Camembert cheese, and the other dainties were bundled forth without any ceremony and measures adopted to protect the sacred edifice from such worldly intrusion in the future.—London Press.

Guessing Indicated by Color.

Many people might smile if I said that a horse's color was an index to his gameness, but such is the case, as I have found from experience, says a veterinary surgeon. I have closely noted this fact and have had an opportunity to judge, having performed thousands of operations on horses, some of them sufficiently painful to test the gameness of the subject. I have found that the most ardent rewards among horses are sorrels and the gamest brutes bays or browns. Some time ago I performed an operation on a pair of chestnut sorrels and they groaned like human beings. A bay or brown will usually suffer without a noise of any kind, just rolling its big eyes in an appealing way which is almost human in its intensity. Gray and white horses, as a rule, are not particularly game.

Whatever the number of a man's friends, there will be times in his life when he has one too few; but if he has only one enemy, he is lucky indeed if he has not one too many.—Bulwer Lytton.

In England and France many women dress in men's clothes all the time. They claim that when they pass themselves off for men they get better wages and suffer less annoyance.

A nice child's suit for $3 at M. Rosenfelde, equal to what you would pay $5 for elsewhere.

MRS. LUCY HAYES.

Her Serious Illness Was Made Public Some Days Ago.

Lucy Ware Webb was born in 1833, in Chillicothe, O., where her father was a physician, and was married to Mr. Hayes Dec. 30, 1852. Their domestic life was singularly quiet and happy until the beginning of the civil war—the date when so many lives were changed. Mrs. Hayes engaged in the work of aiding her husband in his military career and in serving sick and wounded soldiers with all the ardor of an affectionate, talented and patriotic woman. Whenever possible she remained with her husband in camp, and many anecdotes, amusing as well as affecting, are told of the happy influence she exercised there.

She entered the White House under peculiar and very embarrassing circumstances, but soon disarmed away all resentments and won nearly all hearts, and though the first two years of President Hayes' administration formed an era of bitterness and hatred, none of it extended to the charming mistress of the White House. She seemed to possess one of those rare gifts which combine masculine force and directness with feminine delicacy and tact, and with it was a charity for opponents rarely attained by man or woman. Her refusal to permit wine to be served on the White House table excited some criticism, but her conscientiousness in the matter was universally acknowledged, and she received many encomiums and testimonials from temperance people in both hemispheres.

MRS. LUCY HAYES.

COMMODORE OF THE FLEET.

Capt. Frederick Watkins, of the Swift City of Paris.

Capt. Frederick Watkins, commodore of the fleet of the Inman line of steamers, is also commander of the crack ship of that line, and champion of all steamers crossing the Atlantic—the City of Paris. The captain is a fine looking man, aged 51, and with a kindly expression. He was born in Sussex, England in 1837, and went to school to prepare for a business life, but preferred the sea. At 13 he was apprenticed to a sailing ship and learned to be a mate before the mast. At 20 he was an officer, and soon after he became an officer of the Inman line. He took command of the steamship Edinburgh. Since then he has commanded the City of Brussels, City of Chester, City of Berlin, City of Chicago and City of New York. He left the City of New York to take the City of Paris.

CAPT. WATKINS.

Four years later he

NASR-ED-DEEN, SHAH.

The Worst Whose Coming Is Dreaded by Europe's Monarchs.

The shah of Persia has invaded Europe, and it is no pshaw-ing matter to the monarchs who have him to entertain, for he completely runs the monarchical idea of the human creature sometimes styled in America an "educated hog." Not so very well educated either, but thoroughly a hog. The monarchs and courtiers dread him, and well they may, for any place he occupies for a few days is unfit for civilized man's habitation till it has been thoroughly fumigated and the absorbing part of the furniture burned.

Some 2,500 years ago a Greek writer, trying to give his readers an idea of the differences between Greeks and barbarians (the former called the Persians "Hoi Barbaroi"), said something like this: The Greek reverences the human body: he does not like to see even an enemy lie unburied and unconsumed: it is pain to him to see a corpse hacked or mutilated, but the barbarian (Persian), high or low, has no such feeling. To him the body, dead or living, is a thing to sport with, to hack and mangle and defile. If he bathes, it is for luxury, not for decency. Of modesty and shame he has the names only. Of liberty he has not even the name.

SHAH OF PERSIA.

It was severe, but true, and it is more generally true today, for Europe has improved, while Persia has retrograded. The surprising fact, to western people, about many orientals is that they do not regard dirt and deformity. For the latter they actually have a sort of unnatural affection. Those monstrous distortions of humanity which are kept out of sight in Christian countries are made much of in Turkey and Persia. A man with one horrible eye in a puffed cheek, a man with all his feet mashed into one revolting and diseased toe, a twisted, distorted, most unhuman looking dwarf—these are in a sense heroes in Persia. They like to see animals slaughtered and skinned and dressed; the sight and smell of warm, flowing blood and offal is agreeable to them.

And Nasr-Ed-Deen is in all these respects the most Persian of Persians. On his first visit to Europe he had the sheep for his cookery slaughtered in the reception halls of the palaces in which he was lodged. And this was rather the least offensive of his domestic performances. In England some of the clergy and noble ladies tried to impress on him their ideas of the proper dignity of women; he could not even understand what they were talking about. When the Princess of Wales was presented in court dress, he laid his hand on her bare shoulder and said she was fit for her place. What further liberties he might have taken had not the princess retired can only be conjectured. At Berlin he asked Emperor William why he did not "cut off that ugly old woman's head and get a young princess to be the mistress of the harem."

Nasr-Ed-Deen was born in 1820, and ascended the throne in 1842, occupying by a strange train of circumstances a position somewhat similar to that held by James I in English history—that is, all the old royal lines are supposed to unite in him by descent. But this is not proved, and the recent claim that he is also a descendant of Cyrus and Darius has nothing to support it. The general statement about the filthiness of Orientals does not apply, of course, to the various princes and nobles of India, Siam and eastern Asia generally who have visited western Europe; they have generally displayed both elegance and refinement, while that branch of the Turcomans which overran Persia and Asia Minor appear destitute of both and humanity as well. The late princes of Persia are of the Mongol stock, and the Persian branch of it has shown all the bravery of the race but few of the redeeming qualities of the Mongols in China and India.

Nasr-Ed-Deen has waged three terrible wars, two with Russia and one with England; in the first two he lost a third of his territory, and the latter ended in 1857 by his granting all that England asked. In 1873 he made the grand tour of Europe, leaving behind him a trail of stench and vermin. It cost $150,000 to put Buckingham palace in repair after he left it. His sleeping room had to be drenched with disinfectants before the workmen would consent to work in it; all the furniture and hangings were burned and the plaster scraped from the walls. At Paris he did better, but the jewelers and artists levied on his baggage and the government had to pay them for articles he had bought. At Vienna Emperor William got sick after the first interview, and thereafter the courtiers kept the shah "soaked" with champagne, and therefore comparatively decent.

And now the poor monarchs of Europe have to stand a repetition of this thing because Nasr-Ed-Deen is their royal brother, and monarchical etiquette demands it. How thankful we should feel, as the Sunday school books say, that we live in a free country and can kick a shah outdoors if he don't behave himself.

Postal Cars in India.

The postal cars are in the middle of the train here in India, and the postal clerks are natives. It takes about twice as many clerks to manage the mail as with us, but the service is much cheaper. The head clerk gets about seventy rupees a month, or less than $30, and the others receive from $10 to $20 a month. Letters are sorted on the trains and extra postage is charged for the posting of letters at the trains just before the car starts.—Frank G. Carpenter.

The Wronged and Indignant Brother.

The Rev. Dr. F. W. Gunsaulus, of Chicago, who is well known in this city and Baltimore, tells of an amusing episode of his first pastorate, which, by the way, was in a town on Long Island. "I was full of enthusiasm in those days," he says in telling the story, "and came nearer to believing myself a great preacher than I ever have since. This Long Island town to which I was assigned was considered ungodly; but with the optimism of youth I believed that my eloquence would soon reduce it to a state of innocuous virtue. Well, the day for my maiden sermon came around, and the church was well filled. I was never more eloquent than I was that day, and before I got half through my sermon I felt quite confident of converting the whole town in short order. Just then I saw a tardy brother enter the church and weave uncertainly up the middle aisle. It required no second glance to see that, full as the church was that morning, he was still fuller. I was in hopes that he would quietly drop into one of the seats near the door, but my hopes were in vain.

"By walking up both sides of the aisle he gradually got to the front pews, right under the pulpit. It then occurred to me that I might prevent an unpleasant scene by addressing a soothing and pleasant remark to my bacchanalian brother. So I said in sympathetic tones, 'I perceive that the brother is sick. Perhaps if he were to allow the sexton to accompany him to the door he would speedily recover in the open air.' I felt like congratulating myself on my eloquence, but the 'sick' brother seemed to misunderstand my good intentions. Bracing himself uncertainly against a pew, and gazing at me with a look of pained as I indignant surprise, he remarked in thick but audible tones: 'It's a wonner to me that thish (hic) bad preashin' doesn't (hic) make 'em all sick.' This unholy repartee made everybody laugh, and when I left the pulpit I had given up all thoughts of converting the town by my eloquent preaching."—New York Graphic.

Ancient Mexican Customs.

A writer upon ways and customs in Mexico states that the wealthier chiefs among that ancient people were accustomed to the protection of a cuirass made of thin plates of gold or silver, and over this was thrown a "sur coat" of richest feather work.

Their helmets were also marvels of curious workmanship, fashioned of wood in resemblance of the heads of wild animals, or of more lavish expenditure of silver, on the top of which waved a bunch of variegated plumes, sprinkled with precious stones and ornaments of gold. These famous warriors indulged, as well, in fancy collars, earrings and bracelets, and bore with them banners of gayest hue; in all of these singularly devised adornments, feathers of the richest and rarest held prominent place.—Exchange.

Foot Notes a Nuisance.

A writer in the London St. James Gazette objects strongly to the use of foot notes in books, and particularly criticises notes in books, and particularly criticises Mr. Bryce's recent work on this account. He says: "Except for the purpose of relieving the text of references, the foot note has no proper place in any book that deserves to be called a book. It is at best a kind of purgatorio, to which an author consigns such remarks as he thinks unworthy of admitting to full honors, and yet has not the courage to cast out altogether. But there is hardly a page of Mr. Bryce's book without foot notes, and hardly a foot note which might not well have been incorporated in the text. Often, indeed, the foot note contains the very 'plum' of the page."

Half a Crown of Glory.

In an English Sunday school the lady teacher was impressing upon her pupils the necessity of being entirely devoted to God. "It won't do, my dear boys," she said "to be half hearted in this service. There is a crown of glory laid up for every one who is good all the time, but do you suppose there is anything for a boy who is good only half the time?" There was an oratorical pause for a moment, and then a big shock headed boy drawled out: "It do seem to me, mbeam, that there as is good 'arf the time, ought to get 'arf a crown, at least."—Letter.

The Smart Indian Boy.

At a meeting held at Hampton last "Indian Emancipation day," one of the Indian boys in his speech said: "When-ever we do anything white man don't like he call us 'Injun,' whenever we do anything Injun don't like he call us 'white man.'" He also expressed his conviction that "Injun boy great deal smarter than white boy, 'cause folks expect that Injun will learn as much in three years as white boy does in nine or ten years."—American Missionary

Looked Like His Name Was Bob.

The other afternoon, after a school in Brady county had been dismissed, two of the little boys had a row over a knife that each wanted to make a whistle with. After a considerable race the boy with the knife escaped. The disappointed boy met a stranger in the road and accosted him thus: "Say, mister, yer in't seen nary boy down the road there with a knife, and looks like his name is Bob, to yer?"—Savannah News.

FRANK FREEMAN

OR

THE DEATH-BED WEDDING.

BY MRS. AMANDA BREWER.

As he traveled from place to place, lecturing on the various exciting topics of the day, temperance found in him an able advocate. Whatever he undertook he handled with a skillful, masterly hand. After being abroad a year his failing health obliged him to return. After regaining a portion of lost health he engaged as principal in a public institution in his native village. During that year he was admitted to the bar, for which by nature he appeared designed. But disease laid its blighting, withering hand upon him, and he was compelled to relinquish his business and retire from active life. His complaint daily assumed a more formidable appearance. With what astonishment and horror did he learn that he was a confirmed consumptive; that for him there was no help; that he must die!

But what weighed most heavily on his mind were his broken vows, his cruel desertion of Ella D. He began to view himself in his true light. How she still regarded him he did not know. He had not seen her for several years. She had, perhaps, long since closed her heart against him. She could not entertain a favorable thought toward him; or, if she thought of him at all, it was more than he deserved. So he might well reason: "How could he make restitution? how could he redeem himself now, or make sufficient atonement to her, so deeply wronged?" his health prevented his visiting her. It appeared utterly impossible. Too late now!

He continued to fail rapidly; he was at length confined to his room and finally to his bed. He now dictated a letter, and dispatched a messenger, entreating her as she valued his soul's salvation to hasten to his bedside for he found himself a dying man; that he could not die in peace without her forgiveness, and that from her own lips. This announcement was overwhelming to the gentle, delicate girl. True to him and herself, for truthfulness was a characteristic of her nature, she had ever cherished for him the same undying devotion. No second love had ever supplanted the first. The extent of his unfaithfulness she had never known. She had mourned over the infrequency and coldness of his letters. She feared, yet believed him true.

On hearing of his illness she forgot the long years of hope deferred and would have flown to him immediately, regardless of consequences. Her friends strove to dissuade her from seeing him in person. They thought it would be far better to write; they feared an interview might prove too much for her feeble constitution, for her health had sadly declined, owing, it was thought, by those friends most intimate, to some hidden grief—some heart consuming sorrow. Seeing her determination, for entreaty was useless, her father reluctantly consented to accompany her. After a long and tedious journey, they arrived at S., the place of destination. They received an affectionate yet surprising welcome from the [illegible] family.

It was some time before they dared announce to him the arrival of Ella, fearful of the result. She ventured to steal into the room where he lay in an unquiet slumber. In his pale, emaciated features she could scarcely discover any trace of her former lover. Upon retiring how earnestly did she pray that he might be restored to health. Her name was now constantly on his lips. "Why did she delay coming? Would she come? Yes, she will come," he would repeat to himself. One day as he lay apparently asleep Ella was standing by the bedside; he suddenly opened his eyes; as her sad sweet gaze met his he fancied himself in a spirit land. Oh! Ella, I knew you would be the first to greet me, angel as thou art." Her first impulse was to leave him, but he beckoned her to stay. She replied, "I am no spirit, I am Ella your own Ella." He was conscious now that Ella was indeed there. As he drew her face to his and with his parched lips implanted a kiss upon her marble brow he said, "I've had sweet dreams of thee. I thought thou wert standing over me. You will forgive me dearest? You will never leave me?" She pressed his thin attenuated hand in token of assurance. As some one entered the room she gently withdrew to give vent to a passionate flood of tears. How earnestly did she pray for him, how earnestly did she pray for herself for sustaining grace.

From this time the invalid would receive no medicine but from the hand of Ella. She must smooth his pillows. He was uneasy if she left the room unless she promised to return immediately.

The time had now come when it was necessary for Ella's father to return home; he had prolonged his stay longer than at first intended, and he must go. Every day Ella's presence became more necessary to Frank. To leave him now would be one of the most severe trials of her life. Her father was unwilling she should stay and it was resolved that she should steal away unknown to Frank, but it was mentioned in the sick room by a little sister of his that Ella was going away. "How sorry I am we shall never see her again! Aren't you sorry, brother? She is so good I wish she would always stay. I know she doesn't want to go for she cries all the time." "No, Emma! Ella must not go," faintly replied the young man as the thought for the first time flitted across his mind that it might be necessary for her to leave him. "Go, call Ella, Emma. Tell her I wish to see her immediately" said he. The little girl did as she was bid and Ella presently entered the room. His countenance indicated the conflicting emotions of his mind. She endeavored to appear composed and strove to urge back into her heart the agony that threatened to overwhelm her, and quench those tears that fain would relieve a breaking heart. "Ella," said Frank taking her hand and in a voice scarcely audible, Emma says you are going away. You must not go; you will not leave me now! Stay with me while I stay. You will not need to stay long." She could not resist the earnest entreaty but promised to stay if her father would consent to leave her.

This was a source of great gratification to the invalid, who said, "I am exhausted now and cannot say what I wish. Leave me now for the present, Ella, and return in half an hour." She left that room with more serenity than she had experienced for many days, for she had decided to remain if she could prevail on her father to leave her. At the conclusion of the half hour she returned to a chair beside the bed, and looking entreatingly into her face, he said, "I have wished for some time to speak with you upon a subject that lies near my heart, but did not venture, fearful that it would be requiring at your hands too great a sacrifice." He proceeded, "I am unworthy, oh! how unworthy that such a blessing should be mine. Ella, would you be willing to marry me now? Would you be willing to become the bride of a dying man?" By his manner she had anticipated the request, and could only reply with tears that it should be as he desired if her father and his friends were willing. Her father, on being consulted, hesitated, but could not withstand the imploring, earnest entreaties of the young man and at last consented. His family were not only willing but anxious that she should marry him. The next day the inmates of the house were summoned to the chamber of the invalid to witness the marriage ceremony. The bridegroom was bolstered up in his bed. There beamed a sweet serenity, while the bride stood beside him arrayed in simple muslin, scarcely whiter than her face; for she looked more like a marble statue than a living, breathing thing of life. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Mr. D, the father of the bride. His emotion was so great as to render him scarcely able to conclude. And when those wedding guests knelt with the minister around that marriage altar in prayer many were tears and suppressed sighs of that, yes, I must say mourning group; for there were no joyous greetings there. Ella, at the close of the ceremony fainted and was borne from the room insensible. The only composed and serene countenance among the number was that of the bridegroom. He had fulfilled an engagement he ought to have years before. While health was his happiness might have been his also. Oh! now how he longed for life that he might enjoy the sweet society of his young wife. But the fiat had gone forth. He must bow in submission to heaven's stern decree.

Shortly after the marriage of his daughter the minister returned home leaving his daughter to perform in great part the office of nurse to her sick husband. She scarcely left day nor night, only now and then to snatch a little repose during the short intervals of the rest the sick man enjoyed. He failed daily. True, his days would soon be numbered. He lingered a few short weeks then closed his eyes on all earthly things, breathing blessings on his faithful, true-hearted, devoted Ella. Assured that he had obtained forgiveness his soul was peaceful. His sun went down ere it had gained its meridian. Thus lived and died at the early age of twenty five, one who, had his life been spared, might have filled some distinguished post in the government of our country. He ended a career somewhat eventful

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Address, McKEAN COUNTY MINER,
E. HOLMAN & CO., Proprietors.

Smethport, Pa., July 5, 1889.

THE TICKET.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
E. ROGERS,
of Smethport.

FOR COMPTROLLER GENERAL,
W. J. HADDEN,
of Turtle Point.

The result of the County Convention on Tuesday last was exceedingly gratifying to the editor of this paper, and he takes this occasion to return his most thanks to his many friends throughout the county for their efforts in his behalf. He hopes to live long enough to repay their kindness in a manner satisfactory to himself.

The selections of W. R. Weaver of Bradford, and E. A. Bradley of Eldred, as regards that this County in the State Convention was the wisest ever made. They are prominent Republicans of the county and will represent us in the State convention with great credit.

As we said last week, M. J. Hadley, the Republican nominee for County Surveyor, is a practical surveyor and is thoroughly qualified for the position of County Surveyor. He is a veteran of the late war, an ardent Republican and every way worthy the support of his party.

The Wanamaker made so successful a Sabbath-day last year that he was unanimously re-elected at the late convention, although he was most unbelievers to move against. It is a trying position and a man of Mr. Weaver's large business qualifications accepts such a position at a great sacrifice.

The renomination of Gov. Pattison by the Ohio republicans is well received. It is taken to mean an aggressive campaign, the re-election of Foraker and the election of a republican legislature assuring a republican successor to Standard Oil Payne in the United States Senate.

The death of Mrs. Hayes leaves seven ladies surviving who have presided over the White House—Mrs. Tyler, Mrs. Polk, Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Garfield and Mrs. Cleveland, and Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnston, and Mrs. Mary Arthur McElroy, while but two ex-Presidents, Mr. Tyler and Cleveland, still remain among the living.

A commission was created by the last legislature to revise and consolidate the laws of the State relating to the construction and improvement of the roads and public highways. The three members of that commission, appointed on Monday last by Speaker Boyer, are Representatives John G. Knight, of Westmoreland, William H. Dimmick, of McKean, John P. Gamble, of Allegheny, John T. Griffith, of McKean, John S. Faulkner, of Bradford, and John L. Shaffito, of York.

Gen. GARFIELD'S wish that he might die and be put away with the simplest ceremonies consistent with a Christian burial was carried out to the letter Saturday afternoon. All the details were of the plainest possible description, everything like ostentatious display being avoided alike in the religious ceremony, and the reception of those who came to pay their last respects to the honored dead. There was some disappointment when it was learned that the body would not be in state, and the admirers of the lamented dead would be given no opportunity to take a last look at the strong and noble character lines were still prominent even in death. There was a profusion of flowers about the casket, the design sent by Vice President Morton, a wreath of roses, by Rev. Dr. Newman, pastor of the Pine Street Presbyterian Church, conducted the services and delivered the address.

The Supreme Court of this State, sitting in Philadelphia, on Friday last granted the peremptory mandamus asked for by the Prospect brewing company, requiring the court of quarter sessions to grant a brewers' license to the corporation for the present year. Chief Justice Paxson delivered the opinion in the case, in the course of which he handled the license court without gloves for the use of meaningless adjectives in its return to the writ, and held that the great discretion allowed the quarter sessions in treatment of retail applicants was not conferred by the earlier act relating to the granting of licenses to brewers. The court reversed the judgment of the license court of Allegheny county in the cases of 15 butchers and 4 or 5 wholesale druggists, who took out writs of certiorari. A precedent was awarded in these cases, which is equivalent to an order directing the issuance of license.

In discussing the defeat of the Prohibition Amendment by the people of Pennsylvania by the overwhelming majority of nearly 130,000, the Wellsboro *Agitator* puts the whole question in a nutshell as follows: "Conclusions of Prohibition was defeated, most for the drunkards of the politicians, as Chairman Fisher foolishly asserts—nay by the honest dealers and their special friends, but by sober, thoughtful, temperate citizens, who see and deplore the evils which flow from the traffic in liquor, but who have grave doubts of the efficacy of Prohibition and the expediency of placing a law of that kind in the Constitution. The conflicting statements as to the practical effect of Prohibition in States where it has been tried raised doubts in the minds of sensible temperance men as to its effect in Pennsylvania. And the decisive rejection by States that had thoroughly tested it must have convinced multitudes of conscientious voters that it would be folly to repeat in this State an experiment that had been long tried and then condemned in New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Rhode Island."

THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR TREASURER.

(From the Bradford Star of July 22.)

Never has a candidate been placed before the people by any political party in this county with greater unanimity and more perfect accord than marked the nomination of Hon. Lucius Rogers for County Treasurer by the Republican Convention at Smethport, Tuesday. The gentleman who entered the contest against him simply exercised the right that belongs to every member of the party. As against almost any other candidate than Mr. Rogers or under differing conditions Mr. Walker's candidacy would no doubt have been successful, as he has a wide personal acquaintance and popularity and many strong and influential friends in the party. It was not base sense of any personal opposition that has defeated but because of Mr. Rogers' strength with the rank and file of the party throughout the county. Thirty years of active participation with the party and the people of the county in all the political contests of the one and in every effort to advance the material interests of the other, with zeal and faithfulness to the interests of both was the real basis of Mr. Rogers' success. He became a resident of McKean county back in 1858. He was a practical printer having worked with the present Governor Pennypacker Palmer on the Jamestown Journal. He came here from Warren and purchased the Citizen newspaper at Smethport. In his early days he was an aggressive Republican and he found a mission at hand in redeeming McKean county from the grasp of the then victorious and arrogant Democracy. In 1857 the Democrats had carried every point and apparently wiped out the young Republican party. The zeal and vim of the new editor of the Citizen gave hope to the defeated and in the fall of 1858 the old party was routed. The campaign was Winchester in local politics. Having espoused the cause of the formation of the new county of Cameron, Mr. Rogers was persuaded in 1860 to remove to Emporium, the embryo county seat of the new county, and start a paper. He had hardly got the paper on its feet when the war came and the editor and printers shut up the office and enlisted. Under a commission issued by Gov. Curtin, Mr. Rogers enlisted Co. F, of the 58th Regiment in July of 1861, with which regiment he served until the fall of 1863, when he returned to this county and established the McKean County Miner. About the year 1870 he sold the paper and in January, 1884, he repurchased it and returned to his first love. In 1874 he was a candidate for Representative and carried his own county by a handsome majority. In 1879 he was elected Prothonotary and in 1871 he was elected to the Assembly, defeating T. W. Knox of Potter county. Years ago, before the discovery of oil in McKean county, Mr. Rogers had great faith in the existence of extensive coal beds in the eastern portion of the county, and spent a small fortune in seeking to develop his theory. He was wedded to the belief that there was a great future in store for McKean county and was ever ready to devote his money and his energies to further bring its development in any direction that appeared in the least feasible in the face of repeated discouragements he never lost hope. For a number of years he was President of the school Board of Smethport borough, and it was through his persistency, with the support of other members of the board that the present fine building was erected and the foundation of Smethport's excellent schools laid. He built and operated the first steam saw mill ever erected in the Potato Creek valley, and has been identified with every effort for the development of the resources of the county. All earnest, aggressive men have their enemies, but though Mr. Rogers is an very much in earnest in all that he undertakes and has through life been an aggressive Republican, there is no bitterness in his warfare and few men have come out of so many hard fought political battles with so few personal enemies. He will receive in this campaign not only the support of all of his own party, but of many Democrats who admire an honest opponent and who will take pleasure in recognizing the worth to the county of one who is in every sense a public spirited citizen.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

We are indebted to the *Star* for the following report of the proceedings of the Republican County Convention which met at the Court House in this place on Tuesday of this week, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The Convention was called to order by Chairman Weaver promptly at 2 o'clock and upon the call for credentials the following delegates were admitted as representing the precincts named:

Annin township—F. P. Shaw, Julius Hodges.

BRADFORD CITY.

First ward, 1st precinct—not represented.
First ward, 2nd Precinct—J. F. Andrews, A. Detwiler.
Second ward—J. H. Markham, P. L. Leggett.
Third ward—Bert McAllister, H. McLaughlan.
Fourth ward—A. R. Stewart, E. W. Rose.
Fifth ward—W. W. Tawzer, L. M. Sharpe.
Bradford township, 1st dist.—S. G. Johnson.
Bradford township, 1st dist.—J. A. Wilbur.
Bingham Township, 2d dist.—Orrin Bradley, H. E. Brown.
Corydon Township—Frank H. Raymond, James Eddins.
Crayton Township—C. A. Bidwell, A. Frost.
Eldred Borough—W. W. Roberts, A. M. Hagen.
Eldred Township—E. A. Rice, E. Carpenter.
Foster Township, 1st dist.—H. M. Brown, Chas. Winter.
Foster Township, 2d dist.—L. A. Williams, H. F. Morton.
Hamilton Township, 1st dist.—John Gibbs, W. B. Chamberlain.
Hamilton Township, 2d dist.—W. I. Bartholomew, W. W. Weekly.
Hazlett Township—Durant Martin, Chas. Longshore.
Keating Township, 1st dist.—H. H. Bowers, H. A. Young.
Keating Township, 2d dist.—James Hogan, Henry Wagner.
Keating Township, 3d dist.—W. H. Hull, D. B. Thompson.
Kinzua—A. W. Jones, Webster Evans.
Lafayette Township, 1st dist.—not represented.
Kendall, 2d dist.—not represented.
Kendall, 3d dist.—C. W. Mitchell, Homer Jones.
Lafayette Township, 2d dist.—J. A. Dewey, Frank Perkins.
Lafayette Township, 3d dist.—J. N. Derr, W. B. Ross Sr.
Liberty Township—Walter Carmalee, H. Gardner.
Norwich Township—Chas. Beckmann, W. E. Wood.
Otto Township, 1st dist.—John Irvine, C. H. Slocum.
Otto Township, 2d dist.—not represented.
Port Allegany—R. J. Mack, J. H. Kinney.
Sergeant—Jacob Shellmer, Jno. D. Whitcomb.
Smethport—M. A. Sprague, F. E. Foster.
Wetmore—I. Thomas, Jno. Richardson.

The roll of delegates having been called the organization of the convention was completed by the selection of John Irvine, of Duke Center, as chairman, and A. J. Jones, of Kane, and Jas. B. McAllister, of Bradford, as secretaries.

Upon taking the chair Mr. Irvine thanked the convention briefly and proceeded at once to business. He proved himself a prompt, alert and capable presiding officer.

Nominations for treasurer being the first business, F. E. Foster, of Smethport presented the name of Hon. L. Rogers, of Smethport borough, with fingers, of Smethport borough, with a few earnest words of endorsement. No other names were presented and Mr. Rogers was nominated by the unanimous voice of every delegate.

M. J. Hadley, of Annin township, was nominated for County Surveyor also by acclamation.

E. A. Harden, of Eldred, and W. R. Weaver, of Bradford, were unanimously chosen as delegates to the State Convention in Harrisburg in August.

The delegates expressed their confidence in Chairman Weaver and their appreciation of his zeal and good work in consummating the party organization during the past year by a prompt and unanimous re-election as Chairman of the County Committee for another year.

A committee appointed for that purpose promptly brought Mr. Rogers before the convention which had just selected him as its candidate. In a few well chosen words expressed with much feeling, he thanked the convention for the honor bestowed upon him, and congratulated the preliminary campaign had left no cause for bitterness or hard feeling. He spoke hopefully of the condition of the party in the state as well as county, and predicted future victories as grand as those of the past.

Chairman Weaver being called upon to retire the convention that the party was quite as strong and harmonious as it was last year and they had therefore good reason to expect an equally triumphant victory.

Secretary Jones then read the list of the officers of the county committee as selected at the primaries, as far as reported. It is as follows:

[illegible]
[illegible]
First Ward—H. H. Appleton.
Second Ward—E. Ross.
Third Ward—Geo. E. Lewis.
Fourth Ward—L. W. Barrett.
Fifth Ward—J. A. Mabie.
Bradford Township, 1st district—J. Marvin.
Bradford Township, 2nd district—Griffin Hall.
[illegible]
Corydon—C. H. Smith.
Eldred Borough—[illegible].
Eldred Township—[illegible] Carpenter.
Foster—[illegible] Brown.
Hamilton—[illegible] Gibbs.
Hazlett—[illegible] Swab.
Keating—[illegible] [illegible].
Kendall—[illegible] Johnson.
Lafayette—[illegible] Sherman.
Norwich—A. Abercrombie.
Otto—[illegible] Irvine.
Port Allegany—[illegible] Kinney.
Sergeant—Jacob Shellmer.
Smethport—[illegible] Foster.
Wetmore—W. B. Leadner.

No further business appearing the convention adjourned *sine die*.

FROM THE STATE CAPITOL.

(From our own correspondent.)

HARRISBURG, JULY 1, 1889.—The story of the last and fatal illness of General Simon Cameron has been so well told in the daily papers of the state the past week that I need not repeat here. The last sad rites were paid on Saturday last, when all that was mortal of the late statesman was laid in the silent tomb beside his wife, who preceded him into the great unknown by some sixteen years. On all sides much regret was expressed because of the early date, after his death, of the funeral, yet notwithstanding this, there was a large gathering of friends and acquaintances.

The ceremonies were of the simplest kind, there was no ostentatious display and the sad regrets that a "bright light" was forever gone out were many and sincere.

The corpse, beautiful in death lay in the Front street mansion of the deceased and was viewed by a great number of people and many eyes were dimmed with profuse tears as a last look was taken of the once great and good man now cold in death. Rev. D. Chambers, of the Pine street Presbyterian church of this city officiated and paid a beautiful tribute to the memory of the deceased and painted in beautiful word pictures, the great lessons to be learned in the life of General Cameron. The coffin was surrounded by the beautiful flowers in life. As the funeral cortege passed down Market street on its way to the cemetery the curtains and doors of all places of business were closed and the dense crowds of people of either side of the thoroughfare reverently raised their hats in respect to the memory of him, whom everyone in Harrisburg loved to honor. At the grave the ceremonies were simple, short and impressive after which the cortege returned to the late residence of the deceased.

General Cameron is dead and buried Pennsylvania's most and best statesman has passed out from us into that great unknown hereafter. The nation whose history is a part of General Cameron's life, loses a wise council for while hundreds of persons, who perhaps at the moment do not realize the loss sustained, lose the best friend they ever had. The truth of this last statement will be felt later on.

Senator Don Cameron, it is thought, left Liverpool yesterday for the United States, and will not reach home before next Sunday.

The soldiers orphans' commission, which was created at the last session of the legislature to make provision for the final closing up of the soldiers' orphans' school system held its first meeting in Harrisburg on Thursday of last week and organized by electing Governor Beaver as president, General Gobin vice president and Thomas G. Sample, Pittsburg, secretary. The future of the schools was discussed and it was thought that four of them could be closed at once, yet nothing definite on this subject was reached. It was decided that the vacation should begin on July 19th, and continue until the last week in August, and in the meantime the commission subdivided into committees should visit and inspect all the schools, and at a meeting of the commission after these inspections, definite plans would be adopted for the future of the schools. The commission is in real earnest in its work and the G. A. R. comrades of the department of Pennsylvania can rest assured that the orphans of our fallen or destitute comrades will fare well at the hands of the commission.

During the past week the commission created by the legislature to visit and inspect the correctional institutions of the state, and make report of their necessities and methods of doing business, held a meeting in our city, and after organization discussed the preliminary plans for their inspections. Nothing definite was agreed upon, but at an early date their work will be laid out and report will be made to the governor.

Chairman Andrews has issued his call for the Republican state convention to meet in Harrisburg on August 14th, to nominate a candidate for state treasurer. This is practically conceded, from present indications, to Speaker Henry K. Boyer, who seems to have captured the position.

ALCROFT.

HON. SIMON CAMERON.

SKETCH OF THE LIFE AND WORK OF A NOTED AMERICAN.

He Was for Many Years a Power in the Politics of the United States, and His Life Spanned a Period of Great Historic Significance.

The disappearance from the American public life of such a man as Simon Cameron would be a notable event at any time, and is at this time of special interest because so long remained the most prominent of the very few survivors of a prominent period in American politics. It may be added that he has outlived nearly all his colleagues of the war era. In fact he was a power in politics for sixty years, and in that time swept around the whole circle from the aggressive Democracy of Jackson's day to the rational Republicanism of 1859-70. Not only this, but for 130 years the Camerons have been leaders in Scotland and America, and have fought in the most noted battles from Culloden to Bull Run.

It is a remarkable fact that Donald Cameron, the great grandfather, Simon Cameron, the father of Simon Cameron, or three generations came to America at the same time, in about 1747 and settled in Donegal township, Lancaster county, Pa., 142 years ago, where the last possessor of the patrimonial estate of Donegal was born fifty two years after. Although the fourth in descent from the hero of Culloden, he was the first Cameron born on American soil, and his grandson James Donal Cameron, the senior member of the Pennsylvania house in 1832 when his father was 44 years old, as the second child Simon's son James is the third in the male line of the American Camerons and fifth from the great Cameron of Culloden.

The Camerons can dwell in a rugged region of Inverness-shire and every man of them joined the Pretender Charles Edward Stuart when army was almost annihilated at Culloden April 6 1746. The remnants of the Cameronian mostly came to America soon after. The firm faith of the people in that region is grandly attested by the fact that the Pretender wandered long in the wilds with a reward of £30,000 on his head, yet the poorest peasants kept his secret faithfully and kissed his hand as reverently when he was in the meanest disguise as if he had been seated on his ancestral throne.

In America they served the crown as faithfully as if they had never been rebels, and one of them bore an honorable part in the capture of Quebec, being one of the officers present at the death of Wolfe. On the mother's side Simon Cameron's grandfather was one of those Palatine Germans who fled to America to escape religious persecution. The Pennsylvania Camerons have always contended for the same rigid discipline in politics, and not long ago the venerable ex-senator laid down the law that any man who failed to vote his party ticket was to be held as a deserter. His view of partisan duty is interesting enough to be given in his own language.

SIMON CAMERON

"The Democratic party has the best political soldiers in the world. The leaders look well after the rank and file, and as a general rule there is no contention against the party mandate, no matter what it is. This is as it should be. No party can live without obedience to its behests and without a complete union of all its forces upon all questions of party policy."

Then you do not believe in the present idea of independence?"

"Not at all. The only independence there can be of any value is by action inside the organization and obedience to its decrees. No party can long succeed whose members set up their individual judgments against the popular will and no man has ever yet been found strong enough from the president down, to defy or evade his party's behests and succeed.

The general rule of which I speak is absolute. I imagine that the present executive (Cleveland) was then present is a much stronger man than he gets credit for, but neither he nor any other man I ever saw is strong enough to neglect the forceful element of his party and win. Men who in any political affair depend upon disconnected recruits from another party are sure to be disappointed in the end, for men who struggle from the ranks either in war or politics have no standing in either organization and are unreliable in their action and consequently without power."

Can civil service succeed?"

Civil service in a government like this is not practical. A life tenure in a civil office means a civil pension list just as life service in the army means a military pension list. Then again, it is not a good thing in a republic to grow a large life office holding class. We need new blood in the control of the business affairs of the nation occasionally, as well as in all other material concerns. This civil service law will never be fairly administered by either party, and therefore both parties are better off without it."

The venerable gentleman evidently filled the ball as a "party man." As no one is obliged to accept his opinions of one or different parties, it is of interest to read his reasons for his own change of relations. He said:

"I was a printer on The Congressional Globe with Gales & Seaton in 1820, and went immediately from their employ to edit the leading Democratic paper at Harrisburg. I had two years before that edited The Doylestown Democrat. This was when James Monroe was president. In looking back over these intervening years I find that I have seen and often-times been a part of the successes and defeats of every political party that has lived in this country to any purpose. I remember the contest between the Federalists and the Democrats and early took my position with the Democratic party because it was then liberal in its views, broad in its statesmanship and championed the cause of the common people.

"The aristocratic Federal party was succeeded by the Whigs, who were fully as conservative and almost as high in tone. They succeeded once or twice only by accident, as that party never possessed the elements of popular favor. The Democratic party lived longer in successful achievements than any other, for the reason that it stood closer to the people. But during the first sentimental combat with slavery it drifted into the championship of that cause on our national life and thus slid away from the general sentiment."

Simon Cameron was born in Lancaster county, Pa., March 8, 1799, and after working some years as printer and editor, entered politics. His success was phenomenal from the start, and in 1845 he was elected United States senator to succeed James Buchanan, who had resigned. No state was then more reliably Democratic than Pennsylvania, and the new senator went with his party on all the compromises, annexation of Texas, Mexican war and other public issues, but in the great upheavals of 1854-56 he joined the Republicans. His progress with them was so rapid that in 1860 he was the nominee of his state for president and received fifty votes on the first ballot at Chicago. He had been elected United States senator in 1857, but resigned to become secretary of war to President Lincoln. It is freely conceded by his friends that in that position he was not at his best, and on Jan. 14, 1862, he resigned and was appointed minister to Russia. In that position he was still more misplaced, so he returned the next November, re-entered the senate in 1866 and remained till 1877, when he resigned, declaring that he was done forever with public life and "desired to give place to his son," J. Donald Cameron.

The son, now Senator Don Cameron, succeeded at once to his father's political inheritance, according to what is jocularly called "Simony," or the "Pennsylvania system" and for the most part the political sway of the Camerons seems to remain as firm in Pennsylvania as it was near two centuries ago in Scotland. After his retirement the old gentleman made various trips to Florida and Bermuda always returning much improved in health. He remained one of those rare old men who look upon life without asperity and express themselves with all the vivacity of youth, and nearing his ninetieth birthday he said:

I am fond of public life. I take as much interest in its light and shades today as I ever did. Although I have given up all active participation in political affairs, yet I have not lost a particle of my interest in public concerns, and watch the drift of political life with as much interest as ever. By the way, we are in the midst of a negative era in our national progress that is hardly interesting. These are the days when there are no great questions to call out the powers of our leading men. All nations pass through sentimental, tragic and negative times. Our sentimental era came with the struggle against slavery, which brought on the tragic in the shape of civil war.

"These two combined brought out the best there was in our public men, and they followed so closely upon each other that each aided in the development of thought and action upon our national necessities. The settlement of war questions after peace was declared kept strong men to the front or gave even weak men an opportunity to show themselves to the best advantage. Now there are no great questions before the country, and there is entirely too much disposition to talk for a lack of brains and assertive power among our public men. It is the fashion of old men especially to talk of 'the good old days.' No day in our national history was ever brighter or broader than the present, and if an emergency called for a display of intellectual and physical power we are perhaps as well prepared today to show as well if not better than ever in our history."

The social life of the Camerons has always been notably healthful, natural and happy. There are two other sons besides Don, but the public hears little of them one, Simon, Jr., is a thorough recluse, and the other, James, a quiet business man. Simon Cameron was never a high liver, though he liked good wine and could drink a large amount, and after retiring to his old homestead he lived a life of rural simplicity.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

—OF—

Smethport School District.

For the Year Ending June, 1889.

C. S. KING Treasurer and others in account with Smethport School District.

Cr.

By paid and took up old bonds Nos. 71, 62 and 63	$ 300 00	
By paid interest on same and interest coupons	126 40	
By paid orders drawn on bond funds	2,020 88	
	$3,047 28	
	60 91	
By Treas Com at 2 per cent		$ 100 69
By paid for lots drawn on school funds	$3,224 51	
	3d 57	
By Treas Com at 2 per cent		4 1 08
By balance due from Treasurer	$ 22	
By balance due from ex-Col. Smith	17 27	
By bal due from ex Treas Gilford	97	
By bal due from ex Col Quinlisk	77 33	
		94 89
		$4,434 91

Dr.

To bal due from ex Col. Smith last audit	$ 67 27	
Amount paid by him to Treas King	50 00	$ 50 00
Balance unpaid	$ 17 27	17 27
To bal due from Treas Gilford last audit	5 88	
Amount paid by him to Treas King	5 81	5 81
Balance unpaid	07	07
To bal due from ex Col Quinlisk	2 70 40	
Bond 1 omitted	100 00	
To 5 per cent allowed to Col. Quinlisk	22 93	
	$3 4 8 20	
Mis amount paid to Treas. King	$3,160 91	3,105 91
Mis 5 per cent on dis allowed on $2 35 15	11 7	
Mis 2 per cent com to col on $2 35 15	4 32	
Mis 5 per cent com to col on $1,041 03	50 65	
Mis dis exonerations all wed	20 73	
	$3,380 37	
Bal due from Col Quinlisk	77 33	77 33
To proceeds of sale of bonds Nos. 72, 73, 74 and 75		4,000 00
To invested taxes from County Treasurer		229 51
To state appropriation		286 54
To United States pension fund from W. J. Sherry		111 89
To proceeds sale of outhouse		8 00
		$8,434 66

RESOURCES

The above balance	$94 89

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding orders	$ 337 89
Outstanding bonds 68, 72, 73, 74 and 75	500 00
Outstanding bonds 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5	2,500 00

And now, June 20, 1889, having examined the accounts and vouchers of C. S. King, Treasurer, and others above named, we find and report balances due as above set forth.

J. W. McCARTY,
JOHN FORREST, } Auditors.

FURNITURE!

We have in some Very Fine

Parlor and Bedroom Suits

this week. All new and fresh since the flood. We will sell you furniture cheaper (quality considered) than Bradford, Olean or Buffalo.

We Pay the Freight

to your nearest station. We also do undertaking and have the finest hearse in the county.

A. CARTER, - ELDRED, PA.

1-11-6m.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE United Lumber Company, Limited, has been dissolved by the unanimous resolution of said company, and all business of the same will be wound up and closed. All persons having any claims against said United Lumber Company, Limited, are requested to present them at once to J. Newman, Buffalo, N. Y., or to Sheridan Gorton, attorney, Smethport, Pa.

P. H. GOODYEAR, Chairman.
J. J. NEWMAN, Secretary.

June 24, 1889-6t.

Incorporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to Hon. E. A. Merritton, Additional Law Judge of the 25th Judicial District, on Wednesday, July 17, A. D. 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., under the Act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the incorporation of "The Smethport Odd Fellow Hall Association," for the purpose of the building and maintaining a hall for the use of Odd Fellow and other societies.

H. H. CATE,
H. M. CHOATE,
H. W. RUBIN.

Smethport, Pa., June 25, 1889-3t.

TAYLOR'S

Air-Tight Crystal Butter Package

Preserves and keeps butter to its natural flavor for any length of time. For sale in McKean and Elk county by

6-21-tf. BLAKE & WOOD, Eldred, Pa.

New Spring Stock

JUST RECEIVED AT

D. C. YOUNG'S.

Before going out of town to buy goods, call and examine the

RARE BARGAINS

which I have just purchased in the Metropolis for cash. Every department is crowded full of them.

Never so many useful articles as to-day on the

Five and Ten Cent Counters.

Headquarters for all kinds of

House Furnishing Goods,

WALL PAPER,

CARPETS, RUGS, LACE CURTAINS AND DRAPERY, CURTAIN POLES.

WINDOW SHADES

made and put up at short notice, at lowest possible prices.

One hundred patterns of beautiful White Goods, for ladies' and children's dresses. Also fine assortment of popular

JAMESTOWN DRESS GOODS

Summer Shawls and Jackets in great variety.

Ladies' $2 00 Shoes and $3.00 Hand-turned Shoes a specialty. Agent for

GOKEY'S CELEBRATED SHOES.

Store opposite the Court House.

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, May 2, 1889.

C. E. GROVER,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

And Proprietor of the

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Siding, Flooring, Ceiling

BRACKETS, MOULDING, &c.

All kinds of

DRESSED LUMBER TO ORDER.

Plans and Specifications for Buildings furnished on application. All work guaranteed.

C. E. GROVER,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

1-23-88-1y.

TO THE PUBLIC!

Of This and Neighboring Towns.

I now offer an extra quality of

Lime, Calcined Plaster

Washed Hair and Land Plaster

for the lowest prices ever offered in this town. To those who wish to use any

CEMENT OR WATER LIME,

for walls or cellar bottoms, I wish to say that I have a large quantity of these for correspondingly low prices. These goods are stored in most central location for the entire neighborhood, and as I buy in large quantities, have no expense for storage or transportation from railroad, I cannot, much less will not, be undersold. Send, I cannot, much less will not, be undersold. Special prices offered to jobbers. Mechanics and others wishing a large quantity, come and see, or any one wishing a large quantity, come and see or write for prices before buying elsewhere.

J. M. TRACY,
EAST SMETHPORT.

1-3-89-3m.

BUSH & McINTOSH,

Manufacturers of

Door & Window Frames
Flooring, Siding,
Ceiling, Etc.

Sash and Blinds Furnished to Order.

CUSTOM PLANING

done on short notice.

Also manufacturers of

LEVER HANDLES, WHIFFLETREES, NECK-YOKES, AND ALL KINDS —OF TURNED WORK.—

Saws Gummed to order

Shop opposite W. N. Y. & P. depot,

East : Smethport.

v25n24y1.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES...

All Styles, Prices, Grades and Terms.

FIRST-CLASS

BUGGIES AND ROAD CARTS

at prices that will surprise you. Air Rifles $1.00. The neatest Writing Deskseal. Rubber Goods (Anchor brand) wholesale and retail. Everything in Rubber Stamp line. Printing Presses, Seal Presses, etc.

W. A. WOODBURY,
43 and 45 Mechanic St., Bradford, Pa.

3-29-6

WHITFIELD & OLMSTEAD

HOUSE

SIGN AND CARRIAGE PAINTERS,

Mechanic St., Smethport, Pa.

Photo Copying in Crayon

A LIFE SIZE PORTRAIT IN ELEGANT GILT FRAME FOR ONLY TEN DOLLARS.

v26n19tf

FURNITURE

Established, 1876.

For out-of-town trade we have an Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. We pay the freight.

HERSEE & CO.,

Mammoth :: Retail :: Manufactories,

247 to 255 Elliott Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

We Lead But Never Follow.

Your Homes—How to Furnish Them.

A 9 Room House Furnished Complete for $396.25.

Those who think that a thousand dollar outfit is essential to house-keeping will learn with surprise that we will supply every article of furniture needed in a nine-room house for $396.25—not only the articles of necessity, but many pieces usually regarded as luxuries. The $396.25 outfit is as follows: The price of each article of furniture and the cost per room is given in detail.

PARLOR.

Parlor suite of six pieces, consisting of arm chair, patent rocker, 2 divans, and two reception chairs, upholstered in the best imported plush, $65; parlor table, any wood, $5; easel, any wood, $5; parlor cabinet with bevel mirror, $5; hanging cabinet with bevel mirror, $4.50; pier glass, walnut or cherry frame, mirror 20x60, $20; rattan rocker, $6. Total $160.50.

DINING ROOM.

Eight-foot extension table, any wood, $10; six high-backed antique oak or cherry chairs, $6; sideboard, oak or cherry, beveled mirror, one drawer lined for silver, $25. Total $44.

LIVING ROOM AND LIBRARY.

Writing desk and book case combined, $18; Turkish lounge, $20; large upholstered easy chair, $15; library table, $8; antique oak rocker, plush cushion and back, $7; solid all-wood rocker, $3.50; reception chair, $2.50. Total $73.

KITCHEN.

Kitchen table with drawer, $1.50; two kitchen chairs, $1. Total, $2.50.

HALL.

Hat rack, oak or cherry with beveled mirror $15; hall chair, high back, solid oak, $1.75. Total, $16 75.

GUEST CHAMBER.

Chamber suite, walnut, cherry or oak, four pieces, bedstead, bureau, washstand and towel rack, woven wire springs, hair mattress and pillow, $9 75; bureau, $5; washstand, $2; rocker, 1; cane seat chair, $1, mirror, $1. Total, $19.75.

FAMILY CHAMBER.

Chamber suite, walnut, cherry or oak, four pieces, bedstead, bureau, washstand and towel rack, woven wire springs, hair mattress and pillow, $9 75; bureau, $5; washstand, $2; rocker, 1; cane seat chair, $1, mirror, $1. Total, $19.75.

SERVANT'S ROOM.

Bedstead, all hard wood, spring bed, mattress and pillow, $9 75; bureau, $5; washstand, $2; rocker, 1; cane seat chair, $1, mirror, $1. Total, $19.75.

BATH ROOM.

Towel rack and mirror. Total, $3.

N. B.—We will sell any article in above list separate.

To Buy Furniture Right, Buy where it is Made.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY STYLE AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets; Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are suiting our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 12, 1886.

The Best Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

—IN—

SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

—ALSO.—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST-CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street. - - - Smethport, Pa.

KERNS & POWELL,

Successors to Brooks & Ogilvie,

Contractors and Builders,

And Dealers in all kinds of

DRESSED LUMBER,

All business entrusted to their hands will be given prompt attention and satisfactorily done.

SHOP ON FULTON STREET,

In Rear of Hamlins Bank, SMETHPORT, Pa.

2-6-86-6m

Paris Exposition

will open in Paris, France, May 5th, and close October 31st, 1889.

We are now selling tickets by all the fast steamers and French lines of steamers sailing from New York, Boston or Baltimore, and can secure passage direct to Paris or any other place in France, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Austria, Holland and Belgium.

We are also agents for the following English lines of Ocean Steamers: Inman, Cunard, White Star, Anchor and State lines, from New York to Queenstown, Glasgow and Liverpool. Through tickets sold in connection with Germaner tickets to any railroad station in the world at lowest rates.

"The American Line" is the only trans-Atlantic line sailing under the American flag weekly from Philadelphia to Queenstown and Liverpool. Passengers forwarded to Hungary, Russia, Bohemia, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland and all other countries or parts of the globe.

We have lower rates than in New York, and can give special facilities for the Paris exposition. We will engage rooms at any prominent hotel in Europe for our passengers, if desired, and have carriages waiting for them at railway station or dock in Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Bremen, Lith or Gottenburg. Berths must be engaged ten days before sailing date.

Any one wishing to send to any part of Europe for their friends, write to us we can will engage for their friends, write to us we can will from there we can ticket them to any part of the United States where there is a railway station.

We are the only agency of this kind in Western Pennsylvania. All enquiries answered free. Address

JNO. O. SOMERON, Clermont, Pa.
Steamship, Emigration and Western Land Agent.

THE CHINA DECORATOR!

A Monthly Magazine Devoted Exclusively to the interests of

Professional and Amateur

CHINA DECORATORS.

Each number contains twenty pages of instruction in the art, information on all subjects relating to the manufacture and decoration of

McKean County Miner

SUBJECT TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The date on your paper shows the time to which your subscription is paid. If you do not wish to receive your paper discontinued, you will please notify us in advance of the time you wish your paper stopped, else arrangements will be made to continue it. Subscribers should also notify us whether they take it from the office or not.

We do not get the paper regularly for the Miner unless every paper is paid for every week, we wish to comply with the terms which are required.

Smethport, Pa., July 5, 1889.

B. S. KNOWLES, Local Editor.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

Tuesday is done.

Uncle Knapp still lives.

The haying season draws nigh.

The 3d July heat once more.

School boys are good ones to leave town.

The fair bodies have been revolutionized.

Trout fishing season opens on the 15th inst.

Had a very rainy day when we left.

Circus last Tuesday, was on a grand scale.

A number of "scraps" were pulled off here, Thursday.

Eldred Band rendered some fine music on the court house early Thursday evening.

It was generally remarked that the Convention was composed of a fine body of men.

The report runs that electricity will be substituted for gas in the illumination of the court house clock?

Wm. Reilly, Esq., has purchased a fine bronze eagle to adorn the top of his new brick structure.

The eight-oared race between the Harvard crews, on the river last Friday, was won by the

The night was one of the attractions of the Fourth of July celebration in the county town. It was advertised

Wm. Beatty has erected a substantial awning in front of his bakery on Mechanic street. It is an improvement in every way.

The Chautauqua house, on the corner of Main and Fulton streets, recently closed its doors to the public. The house was formerly licensed.

The Emporium *Hedge-gleanings* will be enlarged in its base-ball antipathy. Our boys were the victors as far as the game went yesterday.

Farmers of this vicinity anticipate a good crop of corn for the planting of corn and potatoes, owing to the unusual quantity of rain during the past few months.

H. Foster, the proprietor of the Main street billiard rooms, has introduced cigar-smoking epidemic in this place by the delivery of a handsome stock of pipes.

The residence of Henry Brandt on Water street, was broken into yesterday during the parade of the firemen, and $30 was taken from a bureau drawer.

A breezy exchange advances the idea that strawberries produce rheumatism and skin affections. Such rubbish is not worth while reading but answers the purpose of filling up a newspaper.

The *Clarion Democrat* is the name of a new weekly paper soon to be started in Johnsonburg, Pa. It will be edited by J. Quigley, late of the Coudersport *Potter Journal*. Johnsonburg is booming.

A Hungarian vs Italian fight on the Johnsonburg extension of the W. N. Y. & P. railroad, between Clermont and the former place, one Italian was killed and several more badly injured, some days ago.

Among the special policemen, circulating in the midst of the masses yesterday was observed the towering form of J. Rockwell. Such Titan-like proportions, backed up by a badge of authority, must have inspired a feeling of respect for him among rampant gentlemen.

The Oswayo Valley *Mail* says: "Here's about economical men, why some in below not a thousand miles from here, who owns an apiary, and not being satisfied with the proverbial interest on the honey bee, he is trying to economize with the lightening bug, so that one need not time on account of darkness."

We neglected to mention in our last issue the rather serious illness of F. N. Luther, proprietor of the Grand Central hotel. While fishing one day last week, he fell in some way got a fly in his ear and in endeavoring to cough out the insect produced a hemorrhage of the lungs. He is now doing well, we are pleased to say.

Mrs. Van Colegrove Johnson died at her home in Natula, N. Y., on June 20th, of paralysis. She was the oldest daughter of Benjamin and Lucy Colegrove, formerly of Norwich township, the latter where she was born and raised. She was married to Marshall Johnson and moved to Natula where they raised a family of boys.

Graham, the man who in company with one or two others intends to navigate a life-boat over Niagara Falls, tried a preliminary experiment the other day, by sailing in said craft over the Horseshoe falls. He waited below to pick up his boat and all that remained of it, as a result of the experiment, was a few shaves. Graham is not discouraged, and will construct another boat for the hazardous undertaking.

A Michigan judge recently put the case of prosecution, and a heavy judgment in favor of a man who tried to collect pay for several years subscription to a newspaper by having it marked "refused" in the postoffice. The foundation stone in the case is to be congratulated. It is strange that such wretches are not driven to insanity by the piteous solicitations which usually follow the publication.

The preparations are arranged for the great pugilistic encounter between Sullivan and Kilrain, modern Spartacus—Stubbs, the referee. The 24 foot arena will be erected near New Orleans, La., and among the many sporting men from all parts of the world, who will witness the contest, the Prince of Wales is expected to appear. John L. is said to be a better Referee in grace and strength, and probably no gladiator ever stepped into the arena with a magnificent physique that the champion will display on this occasion.

That summer's insect, the fire-fly has made a call on the chilly summer evenings and is commonly seen at this season in our midst. It is said to be of great use to the citizens of torrid climes, where it is very abundant. The modern fire-light operation is a tame affair beside several of these lamps placed under a dress coat on a dark night. Imagine Professor Stanley coming suddenly upon a family gathering in Central Africa, and finding old Tippo Tib Rhinoceros—pardon, Timbo—sitting placidly from the columns of the Miner, by the aid of such an illuminator.

—The glorious Fourth is over, and the people of Smethport are probably satisfied.

—"Happy Jack," the 400 pound color bearer, was the cynosure of the eyes of the multitude. He accompanied the Citizen Hose Company of Bolivar to the Smethport celebration, yesterday.

—We were not informed in time to mention in our last issue the wise course pursued by the school directors, in re-electing Prof. W. F. Shero as principal of our graded schools, also the retaining of a majority of his assistants of the last term. It would be hard to find a man better qualified in all branches, and especially in the classical courses, for this position, than Mr. Shero.

—A grand excursion to the Thousand Islands will be given by the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. Co., under the management of S. B. Newton, excursion agent of the company, on Thursday, July 11. The train leaves Olean at 2.00 p. m, and the tickets will be good for ten days. Mr. Newton writes us that "we quote rates from Olean, but will sell from Smethport, providing parties notify our agent in time for him to telegraph J. A. Fellows for tickets. Rate will be $6 from Smethport." This is an exceedingly low rate for those who desire to visit the islands, one of the most noted summer resorts in the world.

—There is probably nothing quite so humiliating to the average newspaper writer as a grammatical error for which he is not responsible, but for which he is branded as a jackass by the world. Errors of this kind frequently creep into print through some carelessness, after escaping the notice of the proof reader and the all-seeing eyes of the writer. The victim of these misfortunes is often melted with mortification, when in the sanctity of his chamber, he is confronted with some glaring mark of overlooked stupidity, while glancing over the result of a week's tedious work. It is then, if ever, that he has an irrelievable desire to strangle the devil by a slow but sure process.

—Verily, a town of 1,500 people is not the place during a big Fourth of July celebration, for the man of an hermitical disposition, who is seeking a respite from the noisy tumult and "gnoble strife" of the city street. While appreciating the benefits to a town, derived from an Independence day celebration, we are not wholly blind to some of the most attractive features of these occasions. For instance there is the ever-snapping fire-cracker that never frightens a horse; the numberless Maud Mullers of rustic charms, who smile a man out of countenance; the individual who laughes sightly, your feet to be corn-fields, and steps accordingly; the squalling babies whose voices blend with the reverberations of the cannon to make the day hideous; and last but not least, that infantile voice in the public building, which renders the words of an eloquent speaker unintelligible.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us of same or by leaving a notice at this office.

F. O. Wright of Kane, participated in the big Smethport celebration.

Tony Bannon, Jr. was in town yesterday.

P. F. Gorman, of Clermont, was in town Thursday.

Wm. Bartholomew of Cuba, N. Y., was at the Grand Central Tuesday of this week.

Editor H. F. Barbour, of the Bradford *Star*, and Son Ward, were in the County seat, last Tuesday.

Henry McFord and family of Coleville are visiting at the residence of Wm. Haskill on Main street.

Miss Carrie Smith of Duncannon, Pa., is visiting at the residence of Frank Kerns Esq., on Water street.

E. M. Ault of State Line Mills, celebrated the "glorious" in this place. He is a member of Smethport Hose, No. 1.

Mrs. William Peck of Bradford, wife of Foreman Peck of the *Star*, is visiting at the residence of J. W. Horton on King street.

C. H. Sprague, Dr. Pierce and Charley Odell wheeled to Belfast last Sunday to shake hands with John L. Sullivan. The party returned home Monday.

Thomas Ward, of Kane, was visiting friends and relatives in Smethport last week, before leaving for Pittsburgh, where he intends to locate permanently.

Miss Robbie Vincent and her brother, Willard, left here last week, and drove to Jamestown, where they will join their family, who moved there some weeks ago.

Brother Gould, of the *Eagle*, was among the Eldred visitors in town yesterday. He accompanied the band of that place, and is a member of the organization.

D. Vosburgh, of Port Allegany, recently appointed justice of the peace of that borough, by Governor Beaver, was in town Tuesday, and qualified as such as official.

Miss Anna Pearson, of Penn Yan, N. Y., is visiting at the residence of Charles Krenger on King street. Miss Pearson will remain in Smethport during the heated term.

Lawyer Mullin and son W. E. Mullin, of Bradford, spent Independence day in Smethport. They evidently thought that the attractions at the county seat would be superior to those of the oil metropolis.

Miss S. A. Small, who has been acting as principal of the Ogontz seminary for young ladies, in Philadelphia, during the past term, is visiting at the residence of her sister, Mrs. H. A. Bogisch, on Water street. She will remain in town during summer months.

C. E. Griffith, editor of the Marion *Independental*, made us a pleasant call last Tuesday. Mr. Griffith is taking his annual vacation, and informs us that he will try his luck on the speckled beauties that inhabit the streams of McKean county. He is guest of W. H. Grumbine, of Mechanicsburg.

You can save 25 per cent. by buying your clothing at M. Rosenfield's next to the postoffice, Smethport.

Family Sensational.

Some weeks ago we received the manuscript of the short story entitled "Frank Freeman, or The Death Bed Wedding," the last of which appears in this week's paper, from one of our most highly esteemed subscribers, who resides in Cameron county. Accompanying the manuscript was the request that it be published in the Miner, on account of the interest attached to it by many of the inhabitants of this paper who were more or less familiar with the incidents referred to. From the following note which was handed to us on Saturday last, and which is signed by five of our leading and most substantial citizens, we discover that we have again been imposed upon, that many of the statements made are utterly devoid of truth, and as one of the gentlemen expressed it, "the wholy yarn is bosh."

Ed. Miner: The undersigned who were acquaintances and friends of Franklin A. Freeman, have been pained by the sensational article relating to him which was published in your issue of last week. The motive of the writer we cannot know but we do know it is devoid of truth in all its material points. All that relates to it beyond the mere name and reference to parties, and a few common-place incidents is purely a direct on the common-place incidents is purely a direct attempted imagination, and it is hoped that no great amount of literary effort of this writer will supply deficiencies when it may appear as it is, a work of fiction. Franklin Freeman lived a sober and highly reputable life, without attracting attention unusual to one who labored without fraudulent aid to acquire an education and a professional aid to acquire an education and a profession. He died twenty-four years ago, believed by all who knew him. Instead of his memory and all the venerable relatives who may have learned his numerous peculiarities and excellent qualities, has impelled us to these notices.

Byron D. Hamlin.
O. M. Smith.
P. Fenn.
W. J. Colegrove.
L. E. Sartwell.

Smethport, July 1st, 1889.

St. Lukes Church.

Services on Sunday next;—Morning prayer and Litany at 10:30 a. m. Evening prayer and Anthem: 8 p. m.

The Fourth.

Although the weather indications Wednesday night precluded a very unsatisfactory day for the celebration in Smethport, Thursday morning dawned bright and beautiful after a chaotic night of rain and wind. With old sol beaming pleasantly down, the town arrayed in bright colors and the periodical boom of the cannon resounding from hill to hill, everyone was happy. The town was royally decorated, everything being done to inspire a sentiment of welcome in the hearts of the visitors. After the lunch stands, striking machines and other necessary adjuncts were well under way, the organizations began to arrive and were received by committees appointed.

The procession, which was the feature of the day, was composed of the following well equipped bands, hose companies, etc.:

FIRST DIVISION.
Marshal—J. M. McElroy and Aids.
Smethport Band.
McKean Post 51, G. A. R. and Guests.
SECOND DIVISION.
Dr. Freeman, Commanding, and Aids.
Gordon's Gold Band.
J. Gorton Hose, No. 1, Friendship, N. Y.
Eldred Band.
Mountaineer Hose No. 1, Emporium.
Forest Band.
Citizen Hose No. 2, Emporium.
Bolivar Cornet Band.
Citizen Hose No. 2, Bolivar N. Y.
Smethport Hose No. 1.
Presidents of the day and Speakers in Carriages.

The procession formed on Main street, right resting on Church, and proceeded as follows:

Up Main to Marvin, to Water to Mechanic, to Cemetery, to Nelson, to Bank, to Mechanic, to Main, to Pine, to King, to Byron, to Main, to Mechanic, countermarching to Main to Deers House Square.

The following exercises took place in the court house:

Music.....Smethport Band.
Address of Welcome.....
E. L. Keenan, Esq., President of the Day.
Prayer.....Rev. T. W. Chandler.
Reading Declaration of Independence.....
Hon. L. Rogers.
Oration.....W. J. Milliken, Esq.

The oration of W. J. Milliken, Esq., was one of the ablest and most eloquent ever delivered in this place.

The shades of night descended on a foot race, and a fantastic parade, after which followed a grand display of fireworks and an enjoyable ball in the rink.

The hose companies without an exception, presented a handsome appearance, and the music rendered by the different bands mentioned, was of a high standard.

Gold and silver watches and all kinds of jewelry at M. Rosenfield's.

Not True.

Editor Miner:—I noticed in the Miner of June 21st some erroneous statements, in "Norwich Notes," in regard to the election held June 18. E. W. H. says: Nearly all the oldest and best citizens voted for the amendment. Now let us see if that is so. Take the real-estate owners of Norwich township that voted on the amendment and a majority of them voted against it, some of them being from sixty to seventy-two years old. Take the young men that were born and brought up here and a majority of them voted against the amendment. The transient voters that E. W. H. talks about was about equally divided for and against the amendment. Take the men that were soldiers in the late war and two out of every three voted against the amendment. We have a few citizens in our Township who if they were to go past a farm-house, after four o'clock in the afternoon, the chickens would run under the barn or fly to the forest. Most of these fellows voted for the amendment.

E. W. H. talks about the party from Smethport with the free whiskey. We heard it talked at the polls that a certain man from that town brought up a load of whiskey and that his pockets were full of money, but we could not find a man who saw him have either. We were told that some of these same fanatics said that this man sent a man up to Charley Dick's before daylight the morning of the 18th with whiskey and money to run the election. Charley Dick says that such a statement is false and is like all the whiskey stories about the election—they are made by people that profess to be truthful, but he will wager two to one they have not read the ten commandments in five years, for if they had they would find them where it says: "Thou shalt not lie." "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbors." Now we were at the polls all day and we only saw two men who were intoxicated. One of them voted against the amendment while the other voted for it, so neither party had any chance to laugh very much over the other. We saw no whiskey at the polls or any any where near, and I don't think I saw any that day. But I did see a man with a bottle in his hand early in the morning. He asked us to take a drink but we did not like the looks of his ware. He stated to us it was alcohol and he got it of Lacey, in Olean. If E. W. H. does not get wild again we will not bother the readers of the Miner again for some time. Our name is a long one as you will see.

One of the Transient
Landeers of Norwich.

Colegrove, July 1, 1889.

Remember, M. Rosenfield is here to stay. He receives the latest styles every day—especially in clothing.

Annin Items.

The Sunday schools are doing well.

A council is called to reorganize the Baptist church at Sheatown, at the head of Bell's Run, August 1st. A pleasant time is expected.

Annin creek raised during the flood, but only damaged a few fences and three or four brooods of chickens. We believe all are repaired but the chickens.

Pastor Hovey was only able to preach once at the Baptist chapel a week ago last Sunday, and was not able to meet the Norwich appointment last Sunday because of the sickness of his wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Tubbs' little boy is getting better. Mr. Ira Tubbs' little one is sick with spinal fever; Mr. D. C. Buckley's little girl and Miss Lucy Franklin with scarlet fever and Mrs. Hovey with a bilious attack. Dr. Colcord is attending the last three or four cases and Dr. Otto the first.

Picket.

The finest line of ladies' and children's shoes in town at M. Rosenfield's.

F. C. Olds, Farmers' Valley, Pa., has on hand a quantity of Conklin wagons made especially for the lumber and bark business. Also has for sale the Walter A. Wood mowing machine, which has no equal in the market. Also, has the Walter A. Wood steel wheel hay rake. Farmers are invited to call and examine.

Grape Culture.

It is fast becoming a leading business of this country, and that together with wine making requires years of practice. Mr. A. Speer, of New Jersey, one of the largest producers in the East, commenced years ago in a small way to make wine from currants, blackberries and other fruits. He soon turned his attention to raising grapes and planted large vineyards of the Portugal wines from which his famous Port grape wine and unfermented grape juice is made, which chemists and physicians say rivals the world for its beneficial effects on weakly and aged persons.

Your attention is called to an advertisement in this paper of A. T. Evans & Co., of Chicago, Ill., who are offering a first-class family sewing machine for $14.90. This extremely low price is made to get new customers, for to every one to whom a sewing machine is sold they mail their catalogue, giving full description and wholesale prices of watches, jewelry, sewing machines, books, and a large variety of useful household articles. They give such unquestionable bank references as should assure every one that the firm is entirely reliable.

Thanks.

Pastor and Mrs. Hovey of Annin Creek, desire to return thanks to their Norwich friends for the donation and very pleasant time at Mr. A. P. Brewer's and Mrs. Gallup's Wednesday June 19th. We were very glad to greet so many, from the babies to the grandparents, and see all enjoy themselves so well without either a "basing bee" or card party.

Hats, caps, boots and shoes at M. Rosenfield's.

Have your books bound. S. Cohen, practical bookbinder of Bradford, is binding books at the court house. Anybody wishing work done can see him or communicate with him by postal card. I will call and show them samples. Pocket books, faxs and albums repaired.

Port Allegany.

Port Allegany is decidedly "wet."

L. C. Card is suffering with the mumps. Next?

The C. and P. A. railroad is doing an immense business.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rice drove to the Kinzua bridge last week.

Three runaways last week. Who said times were dull in Port Allegany?

D. E. Rooney is at Johnsonburg looking after the branch store located there.

R. J. Mott, J. M. Keeney and R. G. Bartle were at the county seat on Tuesday.

Frank Kilday went to Olean Monday to visit his brother John, who is in business there.

Mrs. R. C. Fessenden of Roulette, was in town last week, the guest of her son, Leroy Fessenden.

Arnold & Dolley have over three thousand cords of bark, which has been peeled this season.

Lethbridge & Co. are making preparations to put in a new engine and boiler at their mill below town.

Mrs. Matt. Snyder, who has been very ill, is slightly improving and hopes are entertained for her recovery.

Red squirrels are very thick about town. Seven were killed among the trees skirting Main street last week.

R. J. Mott and J. M. Keeney were elected delegates to the Republican convention held at Smethport Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hughes returned from Cape May this forenoon. They appear greatly benefitted by the trip.

Your correspondent and a host of admirers of Hon. L. Rogers rejoice in his nomination for the office of county treasurer.

E. M. Ault went to Smethport Tuesday to take part in the Fourth of July exercises. He is a member of the Smethport hose.

S. W. and Wm. Smith have two fine new dwelling houses under way, besides making important improvements at their homestead.

Mr. O. Vosburgh received his commission as justice of the peace last week and went to Smethport Tuesday to take the oath of office.

Our street commissioner is making great improvements in our roads. Sluices are being put in at the junctions and gutters cleaned out, etc.

Port Allegany will not be entirely deserted on the Fourth as the Coudersport and Port Allegany nines will cross bats. An interesting game is expected.

Mr. Chas. Catlin will soon start for Chicago, where he will attend law school. Mr. Catlin is a very exemplary young man and can count his friends by the score.

Again the wedding bells have rung out in this borough on Thursday last. Mr. Jno. Orsley and Miss Ellen Glennon were united in marriage by the Rev. Father Achraft of Sartwell. The happy couple have the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

The "Catch-em-all-the-trout club," mentioned in the *Reporter* of June 21st, returned from their trip on Friday evening last, and truly the *Reporter* named them properly, for they brought back 140 dressed trout, the finest we ever saw. They report a grand time and their sleek looks certainly verified the assertion.

The pleasant weather of the past week rather Brightened matters in our enterprising little borough. The youths and kids were flying around talking in all jobs ranging in price from 5 to 25 cents, which they are saving up to defray their expenses to Smethport on the "ever glorious." Providence permitting you will certainly see a large number of Port Alleganians on that occasion. Your scribe has a bright new quarter which he intends to blow in for "pop" and peanuts, providing he can deadbeat his way over there.

Vondersheck.

Norwich Notes.

The rainy season still continues.

F. G. Lindholm spent Sunday with friends in Bradford.

Mrs. D. F. Smith is visiting her parents and other relatives and friends in Crawford county.

Mrs. B. Wattle, of Wellsville, N. Y., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. M. W. Heinsman, and family.

Miss Minnie Sandburn has gone to her home, in Bradford, for a two week's vacation, and to spend the Fourth.

The Y. W. C. T. U., of Colegrove, wishes to thank the board of directors for their kindness in granting them the use of the school house at Norwich Corners for their meeting on Saturday evening last.

The guests who attended the golden wedding on Thursday last, from a distance, were Rev. M. D. Altice and family, of Warsaw, N. Y., Mrs. B. Christley, of Petrolia, N. Y., Mrs. B. Waffle, of Wellsville, N. Y., and W. D. Johnson and daughter, Pauline, of Cherry Grove, Pa.

Those who were so fortunate as to attend the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. William Altice, enjoyed a rare social and gastronomical treat. The guests were assembled early in the afternoon and after a season of social intercourse, and some appropriate and entertaining remarks by Rev. M. D. Altice, the first-born son of the venerable bride and groom, the fifty invited guests who were present repaired to the dinner table and soon relieved it of its bountiful load of delicious viands. The numerous and valuable presents were as follows: Rev. M. D. Altice $25; Mrs. Alice E. Altice $10 in gold pieces; C. S. Colt, Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Heinsmith, M. W. Christley, J. F. Murphy, Mrs. R. M. Golten, S. F. Altice, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Anderson, each a $5 gold piece; Bert Christley, Louie Stewart and Mattie Johnson each a $2.50 gold piece; Mr. and Mrs. J. Colegrove, a gold thimble; Messrs. Jolly and Lindholm a gold handled umbrella; Hiliz Hansen a pair of gold sleeve buttons; W. D. Johnson a pair gold plated scissors; in spoons and silver, Hannah Hansen, Jessie Altice, Mrs. Scanlan, Bela Colegrove, Mrs. B. Colegrove, Mrs. Emily Colegrove, Mr. and Mrs. Russel Carter each gave $1.00; Rev. J. G. Hann and Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Gollop each gave $5; Geo. Burdick gave $3; Mrs. Charles Benson gave a silver pickle caster; Mrs. Betty Christley an easy chair; August Ebert and Mrs. J. Bauer each a silk handkerchief; Mr. and Mrs. Snow a set of lemonade glasses; Mrs. W. D. Johnson a white bed spread; Mrs. Bartlett and Mrs. Olmstead a fine tablecloth; Addie Ryan, oil painting; W. D. Johnson, a hat, pocket knife and meerschaum pipe; Edna, Pauline, Harry and Jessie Johnson (great nieces and nephew) a pair fine towels, a pair silk gloves, a handkerchief and necktie; Messrs. Wilson and McGee a barrel of flour.

Startling notes from the use of Dennis' botanic remedies, which are on sale at the old reliable Dr. McCoy drug store, which has been replenished from headquarters; all first-class and warranted to give better satisfaction than any other medicine.

Mrs. H. F. Hall, of Smethport, says: "My health was very poor, my blood very bad and my face covered with red spots. Since I have used four bottles of Dennis' blood remedies and his medicated soap and salve, I am very much better and will take four more bottles to complete the work.

A daughter of Mrs. H. J. Stardivent, of Smethport, "I had heart trouble; dispepsia of the worst kind, was nervous, had no appetite, couldn't sleep, but since using three bottles of Dennis' blood liver and kidney cure, I can now eat pickles, pork, cabbage, or any kind of food and sleep well. I will take two bottles more."

An old lady 70 years of age, from Brady's Bend, Pa., now visiting Eldred, says: "I have suffered many years with a scrofula sore leg, and spent lots of money in doctoring with the best physicians in the state. I never got any permanent benefit until since I have commenced using Dr. Dennis' Vegetable Compound Soap and Balm of Gilead Salve. I am rapidly recovering my health. I cannot recommend his medicine too much. Before I commenced, I could neither eat or sleep, but now I can eat any kind of food and get my regular rest."

Mr. M. A. Lillibridge, of Port Allegany, Pa., says: "I had no faith in your medicine until since I have been using Dennis' blood medicine. It has cleansed my blood and my health is very much better. I think it is a great medicine. Recommend its use to all persons as a first rate article."

Bradford Briefs.

Mrs. H. H. North is at Canandaigua, N. Y.

J. R. Goldsborough has returned from a trip to New York city.

Howard Russell is visiting with friends in Buffalo and Rochester.

T. C. McFarland, of Buffalo, N. Y., was in the city last Monday.

Dr. Murdoch has returned from a month's sojourn in the southwest.

Superintendent W. W. Splain, of the National transit company, has removed to Oil City.

Joseph Harding, secretary of the National transit company, has removed to Oil City, Pa.

The B. B. and P. train dispatchers' office has been removed to the Producers' Exchange building.

Miss Cora Reid, of Toronto, Canada, was visiting Miss Pauline Chapman, of Congress street, last week.

Seven coaches filled with excursionists left for Niagara Falls, over the B. B. & P. railroad, last Tuesday.

Miss Christine Miller is visiting in Jamestown, N. Y., the guest of Miss Sarah Miller, of Harrison Street.

Miss Annie Sheridan, of Meadville, Pa., was visiting in town this week, the guest on Mrs. W. H. Murphy, of Corydon street.

Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Schoblom, accompanied by their daughter, Clara, left for New York city last Monday, and on Wednesday sailed for Bremen.

Rev. James P. Thoma, pastor of the Baptist church in this city has just received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the Syracuse university and the degree of Doctor of Laws from a western university.

The annual report of the school board for the past year shows that there were 2007 pupils in attendance at the Bradford public schools, an average daily attendance of 1436. The total liabilities of the board are $17,115.61.

Ezra Kendall appeared in a "Pair of Kids" to a small audience, at the opera house, last Saturday evening. It is getting too warm for theatricals. This week the boards are occupied by a popular priced company, which is drawing fair sized houses.

The monthly oil report for June shows that considerable drilling has been done, especially in the southwest field. During the month 852 wells were completed, an increase over May of 77 wells; the new production is 7,630 barrels, an increase of 1532 barrels; the number of dry holes was 105, an increase of 16; there are 279 rigs up, a decrease of two and there are 626 wells drilling an increase of 27, or a total increase of 25.

The great and ever glorious Fourth will pass off very quietly in this city. Post 141, G. A. R., and the W. R. C. No 13 will give a picnic at Foster Brook park, which will attract a large crowd. Those who are left in town may take in base ball and foot ball matches and hose and foot races on the association grounds. There is some talk of having some horse races at the driving park, but as it is dead sure to rain the scheme will most likely be abandoned.

The Masons of this city are about to erect a temple, on the site of the old Bostwick building, on Main street, and they have formed a company, called the "Masonic Temple Association." The stockholders met last Monday evening and elected the following directors: President, Solomon R. Dresser; vice-president, William R. Weaver; treasurer, Edward A. Boyne; Charles L. Wheeler, John Ley, William K. Laney, David C. Greenewald, Frank J. Collins, William C. Kennedy, J. B. Farrell, D. W. Robertson, J. M. McElroy and Dr. E. S. Hubbard. Lawyer H. H. North was appointed as a committee to procure the charter. Over $30,000 have been subscribed.

C. S. B.

Burgess—Anderson—At the residence of Mr. W. H. Curtis in Keating township, July 3, 1889, by Rev. T. W. Chandler, Mr. William P. Burgess and Miss Annie V. Anderson, both of Farmers' Valley, Pa.

Parsons—Melander—At the Methodist E. Church parsonage, July 3, 1889, by Rev. T. W. Chandler, Mr. Davis Parsons and Miss Hulda Melander, both of Mt. Jewett, Pa.

Literary Notes.

A LIVE QUESTION AT THE SOUTH.

The subject of education, especially the ed[illegible] of those who are to vote, is a matter of earnest discussion. Teachers, editors, candidates for office, preachers, farmers, mechanics, white and black people, all classes, are discussing the subject. How wide-spread this awakening has been is illustrated by the interest shown in the subject by the country press. When a southern county town weekly, depending for life chiefly on county advertising, takes an abiding interest in a matter of general concern, it is proof that the people are beginning to be aroused. The south is beginning to awake to the perils that lie but partially concealed in the ignorant classes, both white and black, that make up so large a part of the population. It is time to awake; there is reason to be alarmed when the tenth census reports in the twelve states under consideration in this paper 332,733 white voters and 886,905 negro voters as "unable to write." It is a union of states like ours, which binds all into one, this alarm should not extend to states more fortunate than these twelve southern states, it would indicate an indifference to common interests and common dangers more alarming than ignorance itself.—Rev. Atticus G. Haygood, D. D., LL. D., in *Harper's Magazine* for July.

HOW A CONVICT IS SEARCHED.

From George Kennan's illustrated article in the July *Century* we quote the following:

"You have no idea, Mr. Kennan," said Captain Nikolin, "how unscrupulous they are, and how much criminal skill they show in concealing forbidden things and in smuggling letters into and out of prison. Suppose that you were going to search a political convict as thoroughly as possible, how would you do it?"

I replied that I should strip him naked and make a careful examination of his clothing.

"Is that all you would do?" he inquired, with a surprised air.

I said that no other course of procedure suggested to me just at that moment.

"Would you look in his ears?"

"No," I answered; "I should not think of looking in his ears."

"Would you search his mouth?"

Again I replied in the negative.

"Would you look in a hollow tooth?"

I solemnly declared that such a thing as looking in a hollow tooth for a letter would never, under any circumstances, have occurred to me.

"Well," he said triumphantly, "I have taken tissue paper with writing on it out of a prisoner's ear, out of a prisoner's mouth, and once I found a dose of deadly poison concealed under a capping of wax in a convict's hollow tooth. Ah-h-h!" he exclaimed, rubbing his hands, "they are very sly, but I know all their tricks."

Don't fail to look at the Forest City lawn mower before you purchase. They can't be beat. Sprague has them to sell.

Harvest Excursions

Will be run to points in Iowa, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska and the two Dakotas—North and South, on August 6th and 20th, September 10th and 24th, and October 8th, by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, at half rate. For particulars and full information write to or call on John R. Pott, Traveling Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa., or to A. V. H. Carpenter, General Passenger Agent, Wilwaukee, Wisconsin.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

A Good Living For Every Man WILLING TO WORK.
GOOD PAY!
Write to W. C. B. Smith, Hemeryman, Geneva, N. Y., for terms. Unequaled facilities. Many valuable specialties. One of the largest and best known Nurseries in the country—Established 1850. Geneva Nursery. 6m-w-27,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

Carter Medicine Co., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTED!
$7,000.00
—ON—
Eldred Borough School Bonds.
To Run from 1 to 20 years.

The Borough has no indebtedness. Address all correspondence to

F. F. BROWN, Secy.,
ELDRED, PA.
7-5-2w

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Enquire at the residence of P. M. Fuller, Green street, Smethport, Pa.

WANTED—A coat maker at the merchant tailoring establishment of H. W. RUBIN, Smethport, Pa. 16-tf.

WANTED—A girl to do general house-work at the residence of W. B. GALLUP, Green street, Smethport. 12-tf.

WANTED—A first-class pant maker at once at H. W. RUBIN'S, Smethport. 15-tf.

WANTED—An experienced gardener from the south wishes to announce that orders may be left for his services at A. Sturdivent's barber shop, Main street. BENJAMIN JUTTER. 15-tf

WANTED—A jobber to stock a mill. Will pay a good price. Ready to commence at once. Enquire of J. B. WRIGHT, 18-tf. Farmers Valley, Pa.

For Rent.

ONE neat house; supplied with natural gas and city water. Situated on lower Main street, Smethport, Pa. Inquire at store of D. C. YOUNG. 19-tf.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY. Salary and Expenses paid, or Commission if preferred. Salesmen wanted everywhere. No experience needed. Address, stating age, The C. L. Van Buren Nursery Co., Geneva, N. Y.

REDUCTION
IN
HATS AND BONNETS.

We have a large stock of Hats and Bonnets which we wish to dispose of at greatly reduced prices—guaranteeing bargains in everything in the Millinery line.

We would call attention to our new invoice of Parasols and Umbrellas, which will compare favorably, both in quality and price, with any heretofore offered in this market.

Mrs. T. D. NASH.

Smethport, Pa., June 20, 1889.

BROWNELL BROS
—IS—
HEADQUARTERS!
—FOR—
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS.
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS
A FULL LINE OF
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
ETC., ETC.
OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."
Smethport, - Pa.
January 1, 1889.

Smethport Planing Mill.
Water Street, Foot of Franklin.
J. BAKER & SONS,
Manufacturers of
WINDOW & DOOR FRAMES
SIDING, CEILING,
Wainscotting, Foering, Etc., Etc.
CUSTOM WORK
Done in a first-class manner and on short notice.
BUILDERS' MATERIALS.
Builders will do well to call on us for their lumber, as we can furnish all kinds on short order at reasonable prices.
Contractors & Builders.
To this branch of our business we will devote special attention. None but skilled workmen are employed, and we guarantee satisfaction.

A $60.00 Sewing Machine
FOR $14.90.

This is the "Singer Model" Machine (the *original* Singer—patent having expired). Equal to any *ever* made. *Superior* to many. Thoroughly well made. *Warranted for 5 years*, (signed and *registered* guaranty). Superbly finished. Walnut top and cover; drop leaf; 3 drawers. Complete with full set of nickel plated attachments and all necessary needles, bobbins and tools. Have others with 4 and 6 drawers and also without drawers or case for $12.75. Also many other useful articles on which we can save you 25 to 60 per cent. Standard Watches at unusually close figures. Send for catalogues.
A. T. EVANS & CO., 162 State St., Chicago.
19-21-tf

. YOUR :-: FEET .
NEED SOME ATTENTION.
NEW GOODS, NEW STYLES, IN
Fine Foot Wear!
FRENCH CALF, KANGAROO,
PATENT LEATHER,
Lace or Congress, Hand or Machine Sewed,
FOR GENTLEMEN,
—ALSO—
POPULAR SHADES in OOZE CALF and GOAT.
IN LADIES' WEAR,
GLAZE DONGOLA, FRENCH KID, CURACOA KID, HAND WELT, and HAND TURN.
TAN GOAT, OOZE CALF, OXFORD TIES in
Ladies', Misses', and Childrens'.
CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.
One Price. GROVES, 28 Main St.
BRADFORD, PA.

A. T. PALMER,
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.
WATER STREET BARN.
—ALSO—
FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,
BENNETT HOUSE BARN,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE, SMETHPORT, PA.

Smithtown & Shuttleworth's Media Academy
Near Philadelphia.
School Opens Sept. 19th.
Yearly Exp

It Makes You Hungry,

"I have used Paine's Celery Compound and it has had a salutary effect. It has regulated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." J. W. Cowgill, Primus, S. C.

Paine's Celery Compound

Is a delightful tonic and appetizer. Pleasant to the taste, quick in its action, and without any lasting effect, it gives that rugged health which makes everything taste good. It cures Dyspepsia and Kindred Disorders. Physicians prescribe it. $1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

DIAMOND DYES Color anything any color. Never fail! Always sure!

LACTATED FOOD The Physician's favorite.

Spring medicine means more now-a-days than it did ten years ago. The winters of 1888-89 have left the nerves all *frayed out*. The nerves must be toned, the blood purified, liver and bowels regulated. Paine's Celery Compound—*the Spring medicine of to-day*—does all this, as nothing else can. *Prescribed by Physicians, Recommended by Druggists, Endorsed by Ministers, Commended by the Manufacturers to be*

The Best Spring Medicine.

"In the spring of 1887 I was all run down. I would get up in the morning with no appetite, feeling tired, and was so weak that I could hardly get around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt better, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can cheerfully recommend it to all who need a healthful tonic and strengthening medicine." Mrs. E. A. Dow, Burlington, Vt.

LEONARD & BLAIR,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CROCKERY, GLASS and STONEWARE HOUSE.

The finest, cheapest and best line of Chinaware, Glassware, Table Furnishing, Table Cutlery, Silverware and Bric-a-Brac in the city. Stock large, new, well-selected and cheap.

-:- GAS FITTINGS AND FIXTURES -:-

of all kinds a specialty. Of these we have as fine a variety as can be found in any city stock.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

No. 66 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

ATTENTION!

I wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET -:- COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

-:- ADDING TO MY STOCK -:-

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

OF McKEAN COUNTY.

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, buying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them.

It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Soliciting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, - Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,

HASKILL & BURDICK.

We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire.	2,890,867
Franklin	3,181,248
Royal, Liverpool	4,845,195
Fire Insurance Association of London (U. S. Branch)	893,445
Sun, Fire, London	1,848,610
Hanover, New York	2,479,654

Do not obtain insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

EXTRAVAGANT RAJAHS.

LIVE AS GRANDLY AS DID THE KINGS OF NORTHERN INDIA.

Large Armies and Heavy Revenues—They Wear Diamonds as Large as Hickory Nuts—A Bengalee City in the Heart of India—The Shrewd Merchant.

The traveler who would see India as it is must get out of the regular line and enter the native states. There is in Hindostan a territory nearly one-fifth the size of the United States and containing a population of more than fifty-six millions, which is governed by rajahs. These rajahs have power of life and death. They have revenues of their own, levy taxes, coin money and organize their people and armies on a different basis from the English portion of India. They are subject in certain areas to the English, and most of them have English officers commanded with their establishments. They are feudatory states to England, and England does not allow them to make war upon each other, nor can they have any relations with foreign states. If a rajah misgoverns his people or oppresses them the viceroy of India remonstrates him and if he does not come to time secures his removal. These states, however, have none of the new customs of English India. Few foreigners visit them and the people are substantially the same as they were years ago—before the railroad and the English desire for business came in to grind them up in the mortar of modern civilization.

COVER THEMSELVES WITH GEMS.

One-third of the whole territory of India is possessed by such rajahs and their subjects make up one-fifth of the inhabitants. Their united armies amount to 300,000 men and their gross yearly revenues are about $80,000,000.

These rajahs live as grandly as did the kings of northern India in the past, and the English merchants of India cater largely to their wants. Some of the finest jewelry stores in the world are here in India, and under every glass counter you see barbaric jewelry set with diamonds worth a fortune. I saw two rings yesterday, one worth two and the other four thousand dollars. The first was a diamond of about the size of a hickory nut, set around with a cluster of small diamonds as big as peas, and the whole affixed to a finger ring, containing enough gold to make a hunting case for a Waterbury watch. The other was the same size as to the gold, but the central stone was a ruby fully as big as a chestnut, and the diamonds about it were very beautiful. The tops of these rings were as large around as old copper cents, and as I looked at them I asked the jeweler who would wear such gorgeous and unwieldy objects. He replied:

"Oh, we sell these to the rajahs. They want the most extravagant jewelry, and some of them fairly cover themselves with gems."

At another store I was told that a rajah had just been in and given an order for 200 yards of satin at $10 a yard. He wanted this to paper the walls of a room in a new palace and thought nothing of pasting this $2,000 upon the plaster. The sultan of Johore, when I visited him in his palace at Johore, had ropes of gold about twice the size of a clothes line about his wrists, and upon his fingers were diamond rings. The fingers of the right hand were covered from the knuckles to the first joints with rings set with diamonds and emeralds so that a diamond alternated with an emerald all over his hand, and the whole made a blazing fist of white and green. On the left hand the fingers were covered with rings in the same manner, save that costly rubies took the place of the emeralds. At Delhi I was shown a dressing gown set with precious stones, which cost $35,000, and which had just been made for a rajah, and here at Jeypore, through the courtesy of one of the most noted rajahs of India, I have had a chance to visit his palace, to get a glimpse of his wonderful stables, to take a ride on one of his court elephants, and to see the life and business of his capital city.

THE CITY OF JEYPORE.

Jeypore is one of the northwest provinces of India. It is a day's ride from Bombay, not far off from the borders of Afghanistan and some distance south of Cashmere and the Himalaya mountains. It has a population about as large as that of Ohio, and its rajah's income amounts to $2,000,000 a year. The capital is the city of Jeypore in which I am writing. It is said to be the finest native city of India, and it is certainly like no other city I have ever seen. It is bigger than Omaha, Denver or Kansas City, and is laid out as regularly as the city of Washington. Its main street is two miles long and 120 feet wide, and this is intersected at right angles by other streets of the same width and the whole is cut by narrow streets into rectangular blocks. The roads are better macadamized than those of any city of the United States. They are as hard as stone and as smooth as a floor.

The houses on the main streets are regularly built, and some rajah of the past laid out the city and made the property holders build after fixed regulations. It is more like a Spanish city than an Indian town. The houses come close to the sidewalks, and they have balconies over them with oriole windows jutting out at the second stories above arcades which run below from house to house; they are almost altogether two story buildings, and the painting of the whole is a delicate pink. Imagine miles of pink houses with lattice work windows, through which you may now and then see the eyes of the high caste Hindoo damsels. Let me brown fingers here and there clasp the lattice work and through a larger hole let here and there an arm peep out. In some of the balconies you see turbaned men and boys sitting dressed in the richest of garments and beside them Hindoo maidens, their faces covered with shawls and their eyes peeping out through the cracks.—Frank G. Carpenter.

A Diamond Expert's Views.

I always smile when I see articles in the papers telling people how they may know a diamond and how to discover an imitation by some handy and simple test. It can't be done. The men who sell false diamonds as genuine ones make their money by palming them off on smart people who have some worthless rule of thumb test to apply to them. There is only one way to judge diamonds, and that is by long experience, during which they have been under the eye constantly, and have been handled every day. Diamond experts are still valuable men. They would not be if there was a simple test that any one could apply to the stones.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Located About Right.

Like every other community, Washington has a household of spinster sisters. There are seven of ours—refined and religious women—all now above the "certain age," which is so uncertain, and they live in a fine old house of their own in the West End. Not long ago the city dug a ditch down their street to repair the sewer, and as it was an unusual event the good ladies were, of course, telling about it. "And do you know," one of them wound up with unconscious humor, "they have put a man trap right in front of our house!"—Philadelphia Record.

Arkansas Lands.

The subscriber is agent for the sale of large tracts of excellent farm and timber lands in Arkansas. Will be glad to furnish circulars and all information in reference to these lands free of cost.

JNO. O. SONNEBOH.

Clermont, Feb'y 27, 1889. tf.

SCRATCHES for the linen.

THEY WANT THE TROPHIES.

The Yankee Rifle Team That Has Gone to Europe to Shoot.

Maj. Geo. H. Benyon. Lieut. W. G. Hussey. Surgeon Otis H. Marion. Maj. Chas. W. Hinman. Q. Master S. B. Newton. Lieut. S. S. Sumstead.

The sixteen members of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia Rifle team who sailed recently for Europe constitute the best team ever gotten together. Their record shows that when it comes to sharp shooting their place is at the top of the heap.

On July 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 team matches will occur, and from July 8 to 20, inclusive, individual shooting will take place. In all their contests they will shoot under the state of Massachusetts and national colors. Holding, as this team does, the military and naval championship of America and the interstate championship, it justly claims to represent the United States.

St. Maj W. M. Merrill. Sergt. W. C. Johnston, Jr. Maj. James P. Frost (captain of team). Sergt. E. W. Bull. Sergt. George Doyle.

The team will use the regular service rifle, which fact alone should add interest to the contests. This will be the first time that the service arms of two nations have been brought into competition. Inasmuch as the English claim the superiority of the Martini-Henry rifle over the American Springfield, the result will be very significant.

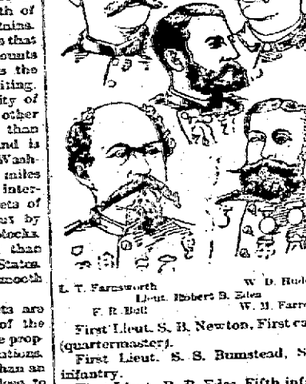
The men hope to excel the famous Hilton score of 1,096 points, made in 1887. Following are the names of the members of the team:

Maj. J. P. Frost, Second brigade (captain).

Maj. C. W. Hinman, First brigade.

Maj. O. H. Marion, First infantry (surgeon).

Maj. G. H. Benyon, Fifth infantry (adjutant).



L. T. Farnsworth. W. D. Huddleson. Lieut. Robert S. Eden. W. M. Farrow. F. R. Bull.

First Lieut. S. B. Newton, First cavalry (quartermaster).

First Lieut. S. S. Bumstead, Second infantry.

First Lieut. P. B. Eden, Fifth infantry.

First Lieut. W. G. Hussey, Eighth infantry.

Sergt. Maj. W. M. Merrill, Second brigade.

Sergt. W. C. Johnston, Jr., Second brigade.

Sergt. M. W. Bull, Second infantry.

Sergt. George Doyle, Fifth infantry.

Corp. W. D. Huddleson, First infantry.

Private F. R. Bull, Second infantry.

Private L. T. Farnsworth, Second infantry.

Private W. M. Farrow, Second infantry.

If these men should wear all the championship medals which they have won they would be nearly invisible, for they own among them the large number of 246.

That Cantankerous Old Woman.

Described in the nursery ballad, who lived upon nothing but victuals and drink, and yet "would never be quiet," was undoubtedly troubled with chronic indigestion. Her victuals, like those of many other elderly persons whose digestive powers have become impaired, didn't agree with her. This was before the era of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, or some one of her numerous friends and relatives would undoubtedly have persuaded her to try the great specific for dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness. This would have been a measure of self-protection on their part, for she would soon have been cured and ceased to disturb them with her clamor. The most obstinate cases of indigestion, with its attendant heartburn, flatulence, constant uneasiness of the stomach and of the nerves, are completely overcome by this sovereign remedy. Chills and fever and bilious remittent, rheumatism and kidney troubles are also relieved by it.

Tickets to All Parts of the World.

If you are going to Arkansas, Minnesota, or any place in the West or Europe, it will pay you to write to John O. Sonbergh, General Steamship and Western Land Agent, Clermont, Pa., for prices, free circulars, maps, &c. It's strange, but still it's true, that tickets can be bought from him just as cheap as they can be purchased in any city. Lands and improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Dakota, Arkansas, California, Washington Territory, Iowa and Nebraska. Address JNO. O. SONNEBOH. Clermont, Pa. 1-26-tf

☞ English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Every bottle warranted. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport.

PLUNKETT ON MARRYING.

THE OLD MAN TELLS WHAT HE THINKS ABOUT MARRIAGE.

A Budget of Good Advice Given in a Homely Way—The Little Things from Which Serious Troubles Grow—Seeing with Young and Old Eyes.

"Hard times or good times marrying goes on," said Plunkett, as he reached for Brown's tobacco.

"They married in war times and parted in an hour, and before the tears of the young bride were dry from the parting the walls of the widow took their place; but marrying went on, and the Confederate government would give er fellow er furlough to go home and marry when he couldn't get home no other way.

HIS OWN EXPERIENCE.

"Young folks will marry and there's no use in talking to 'em. They won't take nobody's word erbout this matter, they are never satisfied till they try it and then they haint satisfied after they try and they wouldn't erbin satisfied if they hadn't er tried, and so it goes, its natur to think you'd er done better to have done something that you didn't do and whatever you do you're sorry you done it.

"Every time me and my old 'oman has er quarrel she swears that she could er married 880 fellows that's er heap better than me and I'm keen to swear that there wasn't that many unmarried fellows in the whole of Pike in her raising, but you needn't talk to er woman when she gets mad with her old man, for it's natur for 'em to think they could er married any fellow they wanted and they're mighty apt to not mention any fellow in this connection but what has got to the legislature or done some other big thing—that is when they're mad.

"Folks that marry do well (sometimes), but folks that don't marry do er darned sight better—sometimes. But it's my honest notion that no 'man ever got wonsted' by marrying. The wimin are the ones who suffer, if there's any suffering. Er man that don't do well by marrying wouldn't have done well no how, and any man can do well if he's got er good wife and will make the right start. There's usore in the first year of married life than in any ten years arter that. The big thing is to think. Set down on er log erway out in the woods and study. Study your own character and your wife's character and your kin folks' character and her kin folk's character and end it up by swearing, right out there by yourself and the log, that you will go to er home of your own if it's er rail pen covered with wheat straw, and that you won't deceive your wife in nothing as you hope for her to not deceive you.

"The first few months of married life is mighty nice, very nice, and any fool in Georgia can have er good time then. But this marrying business ain't for er few months; it's for life. The pet words like toy little petsy, sugar, apple dumpling, sorghum lasses and sich have to give way to sich as 'I'm not able to get you er fine pair er shoes, or dress, or hat; I've not got the money.' Er few weeks before I was married my sweetheart cut her eyes at me in admiration, and I know she thought I was the biggest fellow in Pike; but I come up to the house suddenly er few months arter I was married, and she was singing, and I stopped and listened and I caught these words:

"But now he's too small for er family man.

"That was enough of that song. I cleared up my throat and here she come and took on over me, but I couldn't understand what she was using sich words as the ones in the song for, and I was er little cold, jist er little, but she noticed it, and I have realized since that big streams from little fountains flow, etc. Never have the first quarrel. I don't see why everybody don't think of this.

AFTER THE HONEYMOON.

"After the honey moon comes er season of a more substantial love. The love songs of the young days greet your ear as you approach the house.

"And then you've got to take the baby on your lap and pet it till the wife fixes the supper, and you're darned glad when it gets fixed, sometimes. One's enough, you think—you both think—but never mind, the day will come when that plump young mother will have er lot of 'em swinging onto her skirts, and it's all right, it's natur, and you wouldn't be satisfied without 'em, and children never kept folks from doing well any more than marrying did.

"I've seed Brown's wife with seven erround her bellering and following her wherever she would go, with one laying on er pallet in the middle of the kitchen kicking up its heels and crowing till the hound pup would grab the piece of fat meat from its hands and set it to bellowing too, and I wouldn't er been in their place for all they had, I thought; but another stage has come, and now I look upon the same children, fine men and wimin, and as the old folks go down the hill, at every rough place stands one of these, who reach out their hands and jump them over, and I would give the world to be like 'em.

"We never know what is best, and we are more than apt to be dissatisfied with whatever is, but the start that young folks make in their early married life has er heap to do with their future. Men should keep on courting their wives and wives should pet their husbands. Little hugs and kisses between man and wife is like sweet things among children—they won't let on but they like it, and if er young couple will go off in er home of their own, never let the third party come into their affairs, spend one hundredth part of the exertion to please each other as in their courting days, they will be happy, money or no money, children or no children—but it's best to have er few."—Sarge in Atlanta Constitution.

The muscles of the human jaw produce a power equal to 434 pounds. This is only what science tells us, but we know the jaw of some of our lawyers is equal to a good many thousand pounds a year to them.

Transmission in Germ.

A correspondent of The Revue Scientifique vouches for the following story: For about twenty years he was in the habit of visiting two or three times each year a farm where was kept a flock of geese, numbering from thirty to thirty-five in the early part of the winter, and in the spring four or five, left for breeding purposes; these also generally being killed a few months later, after the new broods had attained their growth.

In the month of July, 1862, on a feast day, the farmer and his men being absent, the geese were forgotten, and were attacked by dogs, which killed the most of them. The next evening, at twilight the farmer thought they must have been attacked a second time. He found them flying about in their pen, much frightened, but the dogs were nowhere to be seen. The next day this terror reappeared at the same hour as it did on the following day, and from that time on. The correspondent of The Review had forgotten this fact when, ten years later, he chanced to be on the farm one evening, and heard the cackling of the apparently frightened geese. When he asked for an explanation he was told that this had been kept up from the time they had been attacked by the dogs, that there had been no repetition of the attack, and that the flock had been renewed in the meantime at least three times. If this story is well authenticated we have a case of the transmission of terror to the third generation in a family of geese.

ATTENTION LUMBERMEN.—Come to the store of M. Rosenfeld if you want a nobby suit, and I will guarantee a perfect fit.

"I WAS WRONG."

A Sad Episode Illustrating the Sorrow Such Words Often Prevent.

One morning in Wilkesbarre there was a great colliery explosion. Hundreds of Cornish miners were killed and their corpses lay at the mouth of the coal mine for recognition.

Sitting at the mouth, by a pale corpse, was a young wife. She looked at her husband, but uttered no cry; her eyes were dry. She rocked herself to and fro, her face white with anguish.

"Oh, that I had spoke fair to him at the end!" she moaned. "Oh, that he would come to life one minute, that I could say, 'Jimmy, forgive me,' but nothing will help me now. Oh, I could bear it all if I had only spoke fair to him at the end. Oh, Jimmy!"

And then, at last, the story came. They had been married a year—she and Jim—and they both "had tempers," but Jim was always the first to make up. And this very morning they had had trouble.

It began because breakfast wasn't ready, and the fire wouldn't burn; and they said hard words, both of them. But at the very last, though breakfast had not been fit to eat, Jim had turned round at the door and said:

"Gi'o me a kiss, lass. You know you love me, and we won't part in ill blood."

"No, Jimmy, I don't love you," I said, petulantly.

"Gi'o me one kiss, lass," pleaded Jimmy.

"No, not onel and now"—and then the tears rushed to her eyes.

With awful sobs she flung her arms around the corpse.

"Darling Jimmy! Darling Jimmy, speak to me now," she mourned. "Say you forgive me!"

"Do not grieve so hopelessly," I said; "perhaps Jimmy knows what you feel now."

But the mourner's ears were deaf to all comfort, and the wailing cry came again.

"Oh, if I had only spoke to him fair at the last!"

It is not an uncommon story this. We quarrel with those we love, and part and meet and make up again; and death is merciful and waits till we are at peace. Yet how possible is just such an experience to any one of us, who parts with some dear one in anger, or who lets the sun go down upon their wrath! But it is always the noblest nature, the most loyal heart, which is the first to cry:

"I was wrong; forgive me."—Unidentified.

A Thief Can Hire Villainy.

A Pinkerton detective who tracked an embezzler to the play says: "A melodrama was the attraction, and it was in the middle of the first act that I came in. I did not want to raise a disturbance, so I took a seat behind my man and prepared to wait until the end of the performance. The scenes in the play were strong, the villain being unusually diabolical and the hero and heroine noble and patient. Frequently the latter found occasion to express their abhorrence and condemnation of thieves and those who violate confidence reposed in them, and quite as frequently the villain scoffed at sentiments of virtue and honesty. I found my man hissing violently at the villain every time he got a chance, and nearly splitting his hands in frantic applause for the hero and heroine. Tears came in his eyes when the latter were suffering, and he could hardly restrain his fierce anger at the villian. Yet after the play he took his arrest coolly and confessed without a wink. When he was arraigned in the police court the next day he swore point blank that he had never stolen a cent, and called me a liar when I testified to his confession. I have met such cases frequently. When there is no self interest at stake many criminals are virtuous, but that is as far as their sentiment goes."—New York Sun.

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, it you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

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CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, Wasting Diseases

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Many have gained one pound per day by its use.

Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It contains the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.

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MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

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on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or incapacity induced by excess of early indiscretion. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of early error may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

Sample of medicine free.

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Feb. 1. 89-1y.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 189 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Direct from the Front.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., July 2, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—I can cheerfully and truthfully say that S. S. S. is the greatest blood purifier on earth. In 1884 I contracted blood poison. Physicians treated me with no good results. I took a half dozen different kinds of blood medicines, but, without receiving any permanent relief. I was induced to try S. S. S. I began the first bottle with the gravest doubts of success. I had been so often deceived. But improvement came, and I continued its use until perfectly well. I have since married, and have a healthy family. No trace of the disease is seen. Swift's Specific did all this for me, and I am grateful. Yours truly, J. S. STRADER.

118 Dale Ave.

KEMP, TEXAS, June 23, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—A sixteen-year-old son of mine was afflicted with bad blood, and broke out with an eruption on various parts of his body. I put him to taking S. S. S., and a few bottles cured him entirely. I live at Lone Oak, but my post-office is at Kemp.

Yours truly, W. S. ROBINSON.

Three books mailed free on application. All druggists sell S. S. S.

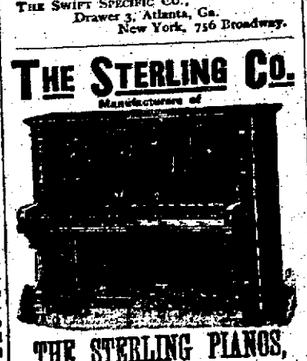
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,

Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

New York, 756 Broadway.

THE STERLING CO.

Manufacturers of



THE STERLING PIANOS,

WHICH FOR

Quality of Tone, Beauty of Design, FINISH and adaptability for standing in Tune have no equal.

Every Piano Warranted for Five Years

And satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser. Also Manufacturer the WORLD-RENOWNED

STERLING ORGAN

Factories, Derby, Conn.

April 5, '88-6m

JAMES McNULTY,

Merchant Tailor!

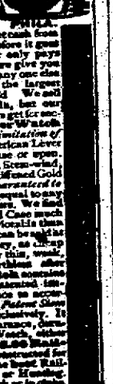
EAST MAIN STREET.

Smethport, Pa.

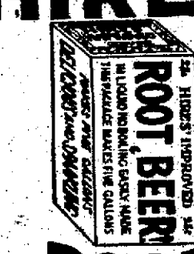
A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for 24 and 25 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 16, 1886.-tf

OUR $1 A WEEK Club System



HIRES



ROOT BEER

One 25c. Package makes 5 gallons of a most Delicious, Sparkling, Temperance Beverage. Strengthens and Purifies the Blood. Its purity and delicacy of flavor commend it to all. Sold everywhere.

TRY IT.

If your Druggist or Grocer should not have it in store, ask them to get it for you, or send 25c. to the manufacturer and you will receive it by mail.

CHARLES E. HIRES,

117 & 119 Arch St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

April 5, 88-6t.

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their business.

Western New York & Pa. R. R.

(FORMERLY B., N. Y. & P. R. R.)

Time Table in effect Nov. 1st, 1888.

NORTH.					BUFFALO DIVISION.	SOUTH.		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.			Eastern Time	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 00	1 15	8 25			Ar. Buffalo Lv.	6 50	5 00	5 05
7 05	1 20	8 30			East Aurora	6 45	4 55	5 00
7 15	1 30	8 40			Chaffee	6 34	4 42	4 49
7 23	1 38	8 48			Arcade	6 27	4 35	4 42
7 30	1 45	8 55			Franklinville	6 20	4 28	4 35
7 45	2 00	9 10			Ellicott	6 05	4 13	4 20
7 55	2 10	9 20			Jamestown	5 55	4 03	4 10
8 05	2 20	9 30			Lakeside	5 45	3 53	4 00
8 15	2 30	9 40			Brocton	5 35	3 43	3 50
8 25	2 40	9 50			Portland	5 25	3 33	3 40
8 35	2 50	10 00			Dunkirk	5 15	3 23	3 30
8 45	3 00	10 10			Fredonia	5 05	3 13	3 20
8 55	3 10	10 20			Pomfret	4 55	3 03	3 10
9 05	3 20	10 30			Westfield	4 45	2 53	3 00
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.				a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 00	1 15	8 25			Ar. Buffalo Lv.	6 50	5 00	5 05
7 05	1 20	8 30			East Aurora	6 45	4 55	5 00
7 15	1 30	8 40			Chaffee	6 34	4 42	4 49
7 23	1 38	8 48			Arcade	6 27	4 35	4 42
7 30	1 45	8 55			Franklinville	6 20	4 28	4 35
7 45	2 00	9 10			Ellicott	6 05	4 13	4 20
7 55	2 10	9 20			Jamestown	5 55	4 03	4 10
8 05	2 20	9 30			Lakeside	5 45	3 53	4 00
8 15	2 30	9 40			Brocton	5 35	3 43	3 50
8 25	2 40	9 50			Portland	5 25	3 33	3 40
8 35	2 50	10 00			Dunkirk	5 15	3 23	3 30
8 45	3 00	10 10			Fredonia	5 05	3 13	3 20
8 55	3 10	10 20			Pomfret	4 55	3 03	3 10
9 05	3 20	10 30			Westfield	4 45	2 53	3 00
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.				a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 00	1 15	8 25			Ar. Buffalo Lv.	6 50	5 00	5 05
7 05	1 20	8 30			East Aurora	6 45	4 55	5 00
7 15	1 30	8 40			Chaffee	6 34	4 42	4 49
7 23	1 38	8 48			Arcade	6 27	4 35	4 42
7 30	1 45	8 55			Franklinville	6 20	4 28	4 35
7 45	2 00	9 10			Ellicott	6 05	4 13	4 20
7 55	2 10	9 20			Jamestown	5 55	4 03	4 10
8 05	2 20	9 30			Lakeside	5 45	3 53	4 00
8 15	2 30	9 40			Brocton	5 35	3 43	3 50
8 25	2 40	9 50			Portland	5 25	3 33	3 40
8 35	2 50	10 00			Dunkirk	5 15	3 23	3 30
8 45	3 00	10 10			Fredonia	5 05	3 13	3 20
8 55	3 10	10 20			Pomfret	4 55	3 03	3 10
9 05	3 20	10 30			Westfield	4 45	2 53	3 00

Trains arriving at Buffalo 6.35 a. m. and leaving Buffalo 5.30 p. m. run daily. Additional Sunday trains leave Buffalo at 9.30 a. m. arriving at Franklinville 12.30 p. m., leave Franklinville 5.45 p. m., arriving at Buffalo at 7.30 p. m., stopping at intermediate stations.

Narrow Gauge Division. Trains leave Olean for Bradford 6.00, 11.05 a. m., 6.05 p. m., arrive Olean 9.15 a. m., 5.05, 6.00 p. m. Leave Olean 9.15 a. m., 5.05, 6.00 p. m., arrive Bradford 9.45 a. m., 5.30, 6.30 p. m. Leave Bradford for Kinzua 7.00, 7.30 a. m. 4.10 p. m., arrive Bradford 10.15 p. m. 8.30, 8.10 p. m.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between Emporium and Philadelphia, connecting with trains leaving Buffalo at 3.30 p. m. arriving Buffalo 7.00 a. m.

Get Time Tables giving full information from Company's Agents.

GEO. K. GATCHELL, Gen'l Sup't.

J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r. & Tk. Agt. No. 96, Exchange St. Buffalo, N. Y.

CLERMONT BRANCH.

North'd		STATIONS.		Southw'd	
P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.
5.10	9.35	Ar.	Larrabee	Lv.	11.50	7.30
5.00	9.15		Frisbee		12.00	7.10
4.45	9.00		Farmers Valley		12.15	6.55
4.35	8.50		Sweetport		12.25	6.45
4.25	8.40		Crosby		12.35	6.35
4.15	8.30		Colegrove		12.45	6.25
4.05	8.20		Hamlin		12.55	6.15
3.55	8.00	Lv.	Clermont	Ar.	1.10	6.00
P.M.	A.M.				P.M.	P.M.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MARCH 6, 1889.

WESTWARD.			STATIONS	EASTWARD.		
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
6.30	11.55	9.30	ar. Bradford lv.	9.15	2.50	6.55
6.24	11.50	9.24	Kenna Jct.	9.55	2.50	5.33
6.15	11.00	8.47	New City	9.03	3.00	6.43
6.08	10.50	8.37	Rixford	9.13	3.07	6.53
6.04	10.25	8.26	Duke Centre	9.22	3.17	7.07
5.50	10.00	8.02	Eldred	9.50	3.50	7.35
5.40	10.00	8.04	B. R. & C. R. R.			
			Ceres	10.25		8.20
5.20	9.25		Little Genesee	10.50	4.45	
5.20	9.07		Lv. Bolivar, Ar	10.55	4.55	
5.05	9.00		Allentown	11.12	5.27	
4.35	8.30		Iv Wellsville ar.	11.50	5.35	
2.45	8.00			12.30	p.m.	
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
7.10	2.15	9.30	ar. Bradford lv.	10.20	8.15	5.00
6.35	1.40	8.55	Kinzua Junct'n	10.00	8.35	5.37
6.29	1.38	8.46	Aiken	11.06	9.02	5.43
6.24	1.32	8.42	Davis	11.12	9.07	5.48
6.18	1.26	8.32	Simpson	11.19	9.14	5.54
6.10	1.18	8.24	Ormsby	11.28	9.25	6.10
5.40	12.50	7.55	Smethport	11.55	9.50	6.35
5.45	12.00	7.00	Mt. Jewett	12.30	10.25	7.10
5.05	11.40	7.20	Kane	12.55	10.25	7.10
	p.m.		P. & W. R. R.			
	4.55		Carle